Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. Terms: $1.50 per Year

VOL. XXV BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. MARCH 29, 1894. NO 13

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, March 26, 1894.
From Our Regular Correspondent.)

"I would sooner be a day laborer than a member of Cleveland's cabinet, "remarked a democrat widely known in commercial circles to a personal friend. "Why," he continued, "they rarely know what he is going to do about anything until his act is publicly announced. When he invites them to express their opinions it is only that he may ascertain how many of them agree with him, and never with the remotest idea of accepting their advice when they do not." The occasion of these remarks was a visit he had paid to each member of the cabinet, all his personal friends, to find out something definite about Mr Cleveland's intentions as to the Bland coinage bill. He was told by each of them that while the matter had been discussed at two cabinet meetings Mr. Cleveland had not told any of them what he intended to do, but four of them believe that he will veto it, not so much from anything he has said since the bill passed Congress as from his previous utterances on the same subject. It is also the general belief in Congress that he will veto the bill. If he does, look out for the biggest democratic row yet seen.

The republican Senators are hard at work preparing themselves for the tariff debate, which begins a week from to-day. It is their purpose to point out in their speeches the bad points in the bill which are so numerous that many of them have necessarily been overlooked by the casual reader.

Nobody in Washington appears to take Coxey's army seriously, except Senator Kyle and a fellow who calls himself Coxey's agent. The latter goes Coxey 200,000 better and says he expects the army to number 300,000 when it gets here.

The trouble with the new treaty with China, which is being considered by the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, and which threatens to reopen the entire "Chinese question" in Congress, is that Secretary Gresham failed to prove himself entitled to stand in the same diplomatic class with the present Chinese Minister, who secured everything his government wanted without conceding anything substantial to the United States. So plain is this that Gresham tries to excuse himself by hinting about a beneficial commercial treaty which is to follow. What makes the treaty all the more dissapointing is that men close to the administration quietly gave out a tip many months ago that the treaty would contain a clause binding China to purchase annually a large amount of silver bullion from us, some said the entire product of the American mines. It really does grow monotonous this having to condemn every act of the administration, but what can one do when there is absolutely nothing worthy of condemnation.

Judging from the record of the party, particularly in the last House, it would seem that if there was any one thing that would induce a quorum of democrats to remain in their seats it would be the prospect of unseating a republican member and giving his seat to a democratic contestant who has just about as much right to it as the man in the moon, but even that prospect did not keep the democratic members of the House in their seats, and, after wasting two days in ineffectual attempts to get a democratic quorum—the republicans very properly refused to vote—in order to carry out the report of the democrats on the election committee by ousting Representative Joy, of Mo, and giving his seat to the democrat he defeated, they were compelled to temporarily abandon the scheme. It will be again attempted this week, and it will, of course, in the end succeed. It is only a question of getting a democratic quorum present.

According to a relative of Secretary Hoke Smith, now visiting Washington, Sam Jones, the slang-slinging, Georgia preacher, said lately of the democrats in Congress: "Of all the box-ankled, bandy shanked, flea-bitten, bob-tailed, mangry, courageless, brainless Jackasses that ever assembled since God made the world, I think for pure downright cussedness the present gang in Congress, headed by Hill in the Senate and tailed by no quorum in the House, beats them all." And the Reverened Sam is a democrat, too.

The defense of Representative Breckenridge in the suit for breach of promise of marriage, now tried in the Washington courts, has furnished lots of amusement here. The idea of a man of his experience prominence and years having been led astray by any woman beautiful and artful—Miss Poilard is far from being beautiful is so ridiculous and absurd that a general smile is the result whenever it is mentioned, and it is mentioned quite often. However, he had to make some sort of a defense, and he doubtless thought that this one would at least secure him the sympathy of the other men who are following in his footsteps, because, if successful, it will furnish a precedent to help get them out of similar predicaments should they too get found out. His political career is regarded here as being ended.

MARRYING ON NOTHING.

Some western speculators—they are always speculating in the west with other people's money—organized a company to facilitate marriages. The scheme was to issue endowment policies, the holders of which would be entitled to certain sums one year after marriage. The court declared such an undertaking as against public policy and refused to issue a certificate of incorporation.

This is a wise decision. Any scheme which would induce a man to marry before he was able to support a wife is certainly against public policy. Poor men rush into marriage fast enough now without being encouraged to take any greater financial risks by marrying with no expectations beyond an endowment policy which might or might not be paid, more likely the latter.

Of course it costs very little to be married. In Camden this service is performed for a mere trifle, day or night. But the real and ever recurring expense comes after marriage, when the sweet supposition of courtship that two can live as cheaply as one is summarily proved a most mendacious fallacy. Then it is suddenly discovered that two mouths eat more than one; and even if hubby gives up his cigars and his beer he cannot make up the grand deficit, which will not be less ened when baby comes. Therefore, young man, do not be in too great a hurry to enter upon this married life unless you have a fair income and a prospect of its continuance. Otherwise you will embitter the happiness of a relation that should bring you joy—not regret and despair. Love and poverty may get along together amicably in pastoral novels; but in this work-a-day world they are not good running mates.

MARCH AS LION AND LAMB.

Who invented the saying that if March came in like a lion it will go out like a lamb? No matter. The phenomena of the weather lapses everybody and are easily described. Little imagination was necessary to the invention of that saying. But what is the cause of these lion like and lamb like phenomena of March? A search for the answer leads at once to the vernal equinox. That occurs on the 21st of March. The stormy season begins about that time, if it begins at all. If the cold of winter is passing away gradually when the sun crosses the equator and takes a straight shot at us on this side, his rays increase the currents gradually; but if winter jumps into the lap of spring at once as this year, the sun's rays give a violent impulse to the currents which were previously well under way. After a deep snow if the weather moderates slowly, the snow disappears slowly; if it moderates very rapidly, the snow melts rapidly, and there is a flood in consequence perhaps. It is much the same with the currents of air. The recent warm spell started a tremendous flow of cold air from the North west. If the advance of temperature had been gradual from that of winter to spring, that flow would have been like the slow melting of the snow. Having run up to a summer figure long before its time, the result was a violent agitation of currents which overwhelmed us with Artic weather. Nature always has her compensations. The lamb-like March is paid for with the lion like.

THE PUBLIC SPIRIT of Allentown that threatened at one time to concentrate effort on a handsome uniform of Naval Officer Wright appears to have subsided altogether. As an intention of good will and distinction the thought or motive was purely beautiful as it was purely local. Perhaps the conception was thoroughly up to the Lehigh standard of what the office should be like and the character of equipment had the proper appreciation. In the Lehigh district uniforms are a big thing. The contributions too were in the right form as they came small and spontaneously but Mr. Wright's friends slipped word along the line that even Naval Officers and Surveyors of the Port do not wear uniforms. They were told that Federal officials were never expected to appear in public like an advanced member of the National Guard and with this explanation the contributions ceased. While for the time being there is disappointment in Allentown on account of the non-uniform situation the public spirit of the city continues just the same, and Naval Officer Wright will take up his duties today with all Lehigh county rejoicing over his success and ready to relieve him of any appointments he may have to spare. Patriotism and uniforms are by no means widely separated.

—The flittings to-day are quite numerous.

THE COMMON SENSE OF IT.

There is no magic—no inscrutable mystery about political economy.

It is simply plain, every-day common sense applied to the management of the business of a whole Nation. It is the extension of the ordinary principles of business to the affairs of the people of a whole country.

It is nonsense to befog so plain a subject with recondite terms, obscure jargon, and metaphysical theories.

Political economy has been aptly described as "the science of enlightened selfishness."

It is not philanthrophy, it is not religion, it is not benevolence, it is not necessarily politics.

It begins by encouraging the individual to do the best possible for himself. If every man will do this in an intelligent, well-directed way, the communities in which he and others like him live will prosper, and, therefore, the whole country. Political economy, therefore, begins with the individual. That country alone is prosperous, and most prosperous, in which the greatest number of individuals are prosperous.

Scientifically and actually, it is vastly better than in every community of 5,000 souls there should be 1,000 men who each make $1,000 a year, than that each of these make only $250, while one man makes $100,000. This is true political economy.

The United States contain 70,000,000 people. These are naturally dependent on each other. Nearly the whole of their livelihood is gained by supplying each other with the necessaries of life. The main object of all Government is, after affording security to life and property, to facilitate and encourage the exchange of products among the various kinds of producers constituting its population. It is its duty to see that, to the greatest extent possible, its own people supply each other with what is needed. This for three reasons:

1. That the money be retained in the country for the use of all the people in the country.

2. That the greatest amount of employment be given to all the inhabitants, and therefore each individual get the highest possible share of prosperity

3. That its people may to the greatest extent be rendered indepedent of other countries.

As we have said before, this is simply the extension to National matters of the sound rules of thrift and business governing the conduct of families, farms, and business houses.

Each family, farm, and business house strives, and should strive, to keep as much as possible of the money it gains for itself by producing as much as is practicable of what it consumes; what it buys outside it should make an effort to get of its neighbors who buy of it, so as to make trade reciprocal, and to enable all to get as much as possible of each other's products, waste the least by long transportation, and keep the money, the medium of trade, as near home as possible. So we go from the little local community to the larger commercial divisions, and from them to the Nation as a whole.

A little inland community, let us say, like Bellefonte and Centre County, ought to strive to produce all that it can, reasonably and profitably, of what it needs. That which it cannot produce it should get from its nearest neighbors who do produce it, and so on until it reaches the commercial centers of its section-Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, etc., and from them to the commercial centers of the whole Nation.

So that if this community will do the best it can for itself and for its own people, it will contribute to the prosperity of the whole country. The prosperity of the whole is made up of that of the different parts.

This brings us to the common sense of protection to farming. The prosperity of the farmers is the basis of that of the whole country. It cannot be otherwise. The manufacturers and merchants cannot sell more than the farmers are able to buy. Foreign trade for manufacturers is still a good way off. It will have to be valiantly fought for against the fierce competition of English, Belgium, French and German manufacturers. Ours must, therefore, continue to rely for their support upon our own farmers.

What reliance can they have if the farmers are reduced to poverty by foreign competition? What will become of manufacturers and merchants when their customers are deprived of the means wherewith to buy?

Are not these being reduced to poverty, and deprived of the means wherewith to buy?

No man can successfully deny that the present tendency is to the direct impoverishment of the farmers of the United States. They are being encouraged to devote themselves to raising articles upon which there is the smallest margin of profit and which when exported are sold at an actual loss, while at least one-fifth of all the money in the country is sent abroad every year to buy agricultural products that should be produced on our own soil.

To the man of common sense this looks like wicked economic suicide.

We raise hundreds of millions of bushels of wheat, corn, and oats to sell in England at what is really much less than the cost of production, when we take into account the value of the fertilizers they have abstracted from the soil. On the other hand, we buy about every year $300,000,000 worth of sugar, potatoes, barley, wool, fruits butter, cheese, eggs, etc., which should come from our own acres.

Can there be any defense of such economic folly?

The thrifty farmer does not make such a fool of himself as to do this in every day life. He does not toil and sweat through the Summer to raise a crop of wheat to sell at 55 cents a bushel, and then take the scanty price of his grain over to his neighbor, and pay him big prices for his eggs, butter, potatoes, and other supplies for his family. As we do not do this as individuals, why should we make it a National policy?

Our true and our only policy should be to raise no more wheat and corn than our people need, sell none abroad, and raise at home the farm products that foreigners sell us at a profit.

This is the way to solid prosperity for farmers, and when the farmers are prosperous everyone else will be.—*American Farmer.*

The bulletin sent out by the Census Bureau last week, describing the prosperous condition of the manufacturing industries of the county in 1890, is the most convincing proof that could be given of the value of the Republican policy of protection. No nation in existence, or that ever has existed, has been able to make such a showing of abounding paosperity and such a phenomenal increase in wealth as this census bulletin shows to have occurred between 1880 and 1890. The increase in the number of manufacturing establishments was 40 per cent; in capital employed, 133 per cent.; in cost of material, 51 per cent.; in the value of product, 74 per cent., and the increase in wages paid was 140 per cent. It was from this position of prosperity, which was rapidly increasing, that the country was precipitated in order that Grover Cleveland and the Democratic party might have a chance to test their free trade theories. The people can draw the contrast and apply the lesson.

THE Fifth anthracite district is the representative centre of the individual operator and has no parallel on that score in the State. There are eighteen great interests within a radius of eighteen miles of Hazleton, the natural supply point of the district, and the annual report of the Mine Inspector just made public shows a total production of coal of 6,239,098 tons with total shipments at 5,591,633. But three corporations figure in the list of operators, indicating the nicety of distribution of available lands among the individual developments, and of the output the corporations have credit for a million tons only. The Upper Lehigh coal field is very interesting, as it presents phases of the labor question absent in the others, and mining with the operators there has become very much of a science.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE.

In another column of this paper will be found the official announcement of John G. Love, Esq., as a candidate for the nomination for President Judge of this district. Mr. Love is so well known throughout Centre, as well as Huntingdon counties, that he needs no words of praise from us. His past carreer as an attorney at the Centre county bar has placed him in the very front ranks of the legal profession. He is celebrated for his wise judgment, his comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the law, while his interpretation thereof is never questioned. He would make a good candidate and an able judge.

Romances are uncommon in Land Office suits, but here is a pretty little one. Jessie Sinclair, a Wisconsin school teacher, determined to aid her intended husband, who was poor, and she settled on a tract of land embraced in the water front reserve. She lived on the land and complied with the legal requirements. Later two men made an entry for the same land and sued to dispossess her. Secretary Hoke Smith has decided in her favor, holding settlement valid against the subsequent entry. The land is worth $4500 now.

—The backbone of the March lion is broken and hereafter we may reasonably expect genuinely warm Spring weather.

A GEORGIA MURDER.

A Father Assassinated by His Daughter and Wife.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 25.—A special to the Constitution from Homer, Banks county, says that J. F. Willis was killed last week by his daughter Lillian and his wife.

The news of the tragedy did not leak out for several days, when a son, Francis, 11 years of age, told it to some neighbors. Daughter and mother were arrested and taken to Homer and given a preliminary trial. The boy testified that his father came home from work about dark and, setting his bottle of whisky upon the cupboard, called for his supper. After beginning to eat his meal, a difficulty arose between the father and mother, and the former left the table and sat down on a chair before the fire. His daughter Lillian about 15 years of age, struck him with an ax, cutting a gash in his skull. Rising up and screaming Willis threw back his head and the mother took the ax from the girl and cut him across the throat with it.

The girl says she struck the blow with the ax after having cut her father's throat with a rozor, while he was choking her mother to death. After drawing the razor across the throat of her father, and seeing that he was not dead, she picked up the ax and finished him. Her plea was that she did the deed to save her mother's life. The jury rendered a verdict releasing the girl. The verdict met with demonstrations of applause by those in the court room.

MAY BE RUINED.

NEW YORK, March 25.—A special to a morning paper from Massillon, O., signed by Hugh O'Donnell, the labor leader says: "Unless Coxey can manage to raise $24,000 by next Wednesday he is probably a ruined man."

He still owes that amount on the celebrated stallion Acolyte, and the former owner of the horse, Colonel James E. Pepper, the well known whisky man and stock raiser, of Kentucky, holds a mortgage on the horse and other property of Coxey to protect that amount. Coxey purchased the stallion for $40,000 and gave [illegible] for that amount. He paid [illegible] 000 and owes $24,000. The former owner alarmed by the reports of Coxey's insane movement sent his son here this week to take a survey of the situation. The result is that attorneys were instructed to proceed against Coxey today, but after a long conference, it was agreed to give the president of the Good Roads association until Wednesday to settle.

This is very likely but the beginning of the end. Coxey's entire property is heavily mortgaged and this move of the Peppers, it is thought, is calculated to start up his other creditors, and if they come in force Coxey is done for, as his first wife predicted, and as his second wife feared he would be. It remains to be seen whether Coxey will desert the army at Alliance on Tuesday evening and hurry back to protect his material interests or remain with the army and let his property be gobbled up.

DEATH OF A BANK CASHIER.

Huntingdon, Pa., March 25.—Mr. John H. Glazier, cashier of the Huntingdon bank, died at his home here last night at 6.30 o'clock. He had been in poor health a long time, but his death was sudden and unexpected.

Mr. Glazier was the founder of the Huntingdon bank about 11 years ago, and he made it a great success and was doing a profitable business. He was generally regarded as one of the ablest financiers in this part of the state.

A wife and one son and one daughter survive. Deceased was aged about 53 years.

THE Girard Trust is doing good in more ways than one. We need not allude to the fifteen hundred young boys and girls it is educating, for that is known to all. During the past twelve years it has planted 130,000 trees on the lands of the estate, to replace the timber required in its mining operations. During the present year it will set out 20,000 more, and the feature will be steadily adhered to until all the timber that has been cut away in the past will be replaced by these artificial plantings. The Trust in its report also announces the gratifying demostrates the facts that it is possible to establish re-forestation on a large scale, and that its advantages are already clear and indisputable.

Cheap agricultural implements—they were never cheaper than to-day—are going to lead to an enormous demand from farms too small or too poor to put them to use at past prices. Every Western visitor to New England must have been struck by the absence of farm machinery, familiar in the West but not used in New England because they were too dear for small farms and the limited area of each field. Last week eighty-one carloads of agricultural implements were shipped from Auburn to New England. Such a shipment is a trifle by the side of the annual output, but its departure to a single section indicates both some revival in farming and a great cheapening of these tools.

MADE AWAY WITH MONEY.

Ignorant Foreigners Are Defrauded Out of Thousands of Dollars.

Scranton, Pa., March 25.—Much excitement was occasioned among a vast number of the Polish Hungarian and Italian residents of this city to-day by the announcement of the disappearance of the firm of C. Rose & Co., doing business as banker, passage, exchange and foreign express agents, at 417 Lackawanna avenue. The allegations of the creditors are that B. Lebowitz, who formed the 'And company' of the firm, disappeared a few days ago, taking with him about $5,000 in cash that had been paid the firm by ignorant foreigners, with the understanding that the money was to be forwarded to relatives in European countries. Rose was away at the time, and when he returned he found that more money had been stolen than he was able to return and he followed the example of Lebowitz, secured about $3,000 more and then disappeared yesterday afternoon.

His 14 year-old son was the last remnant of the firm to leave the city. He went away by an early train this morning At the station he was surrounded by a crowd of Hungarians and Poles, and but for the intervention of the police he would have been assaulted. Lebowitz and Rose formerly worked for weinberger, who recently failed and decamped in New York, and it is stated by parties here who profess to know that Lebowitz is already in Europe.

TO NOMINATE HASTINGS.

A special from Harrisburg says: Ex-Governor James A. Beaver will present the name of General D. H. Hastings to the Republican State Convention, and Charles Emory Smith will follow in seconding the General's nomination for Governor. Others have indicated a desire to say complimentary things of the Bellefonte candidate, among them George B. Orlady, of Huntingdon, who at last Republican gubernatorial convention performed the duty that this year will devolve on Gen. Beaver.

J. O. Horne, of Pittsburg, has secured five rooms at the Commonwealth Hote for the use of Senator Lyon and his friends. Nearly all of the Allegheny county delegates will stop at this hotel and Philadelphia's representation will also be roomed there. Hastings, Lyon and Latta have engaged quarters at the Commonwealth, while Congressman Robinson, Secretary Stewart, Giles D. Price and Congressmen Grow and McDowell will hang out at the Lochiel, which will also be the headquarters of Chairman Gilkeson and the Republican State Committee. Mylin and Huff have given no hint as to their stopping places.

Senator Quay has not made a request for hotel accommodations during the convention, but his old room will be retained for him at the Lochiel unless he should make up his mind to stay away from Harrisburg at that time.

IT is stated that the demand for tariff literature seems more general this year than ever before. Heretofore the demand for tariff speeches has been confined largely to the Granger States and outlying communities rather than from the populous centres of the East. The demand for these speeches this year has greatly increased from the manufacturing districts. The aggregate of tariff speeches thus far distributed by members of Congress has reached several millions, and this number will probably be doubled after the subject hall have been thoroughly ventilated on the floor of the Senate.

SMALLPOX AT DANVILLE.

The conflicting reports as to the epidemic of smallpox in Danville impelled the state board of health to send Dr. W. B. Atkinson, of Philadelphia, and Dr. H. P. Renn, of Sunbury, to that place Thursday. The two physicians report that they found ten well defined smallpox cases of the most malignant type. These, with the varioloid and chickenpox cases, will run the number up to thirty.

JAMES WILBUR HEVERLY.

On Saturday, March 25, James Wilbur Heverly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Heverly of Eagleville, passed from earth to heaven, aged one year, six months and twenty-three days. The funeral services were held in the Baptist church at Eagleville, on Sunday afternoon, the 26th, Rev. J. B. Soule, the pastor, officiating. There was a very large attendance. The interment was made in the cemetery adjoining the church.

Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. Terms: $1.50 per Year

VOL. XXV BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. MARCH 29, 1894. NO 13

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, March 26, 1894.
From Our Regular Correspondent .)

"I would sooner be a day laborer than a member of Cleveland's cabinet, "remarked a democrat widely known in commercial circles to a personal friend. "Why," he continued, "they rarely know what he is going to do about anything until his act is publicly announced. When he invites them to express their opinions it is only that he may ascertain how many of them agree with him, and never with the remotest idea of accepting their advice when they do not." The occasion of these remarks was a visit he had paid to each member of the cabinet, all his personal friends, to find out something definite about Mr Cleveland's intentions as to the Bland coinage bill. He was told by each of them that while the matter had been discussed at two cabinet meetings Mr. Cleveland had not told any of them what he intended to do, but four of them believe that he will veto it, not so much from anything he has said since the bill passed Congress as from his previous utterances on the same subject. It is also the general belief in Congress that he will veto the bill. If he does, look out for the biggest democratic row yet seen.

The republican Senators are hard at work preparing themselves for the tariff debate, which begins a week from to-day. It is their purpose to point out in their speeches the bad points in the bill which are so numerous that many of them have necessarily been overlooked by the casual reader.

Nobody in Washington appears to take Coxey's army seriously, except Senator Kyle and a fellow who calls himself Coxey's agent. The latter goes Coxey 200,000 better and says he expects the army to number 300,000 when it gets here.

The trouble with the new treaty with China, which is being considered by the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, and which threatens to reopen the entire "Chinese question" in Congress, is that Secretary Gresham failed to prove himself entitled to stand in the same diplomatic class with the present Chinese Minister, who secured everything his government wanted without conceding anything substantial to the United States. So plain is this that Gresham tries to excuse himself by hinting about a beneficial commercial treaty which is to follow. What makes the treaty all the more disappointing is that men close to the administration quietly gave out a tip many months ago that the treaty would contain a clause binding China to purchase annually a large amount of silver bullion from us, some said the entire product of the American mines. It really does grow monotonous this having to condemn every act of the administration, but what can one do when there is absolutely nothing worthy of condemnation.

Judging from the record of the party, particularly in the last House, it would seem that if there was any one thing that would induce a quorum of democrats to remain in their seats it would be the prospect of unseating a republican member and giving his seat to a democratic contestant who has just about as much right to it as the man in the moon, but even that prospect did not keep the democratic members of the House in their seats, and, after wasting two days in ineffectual attempts to get a democratic quorum—the republicans very properly refused to vote—in order to carry out the report of the democrats on the election committee by ousting Representative Joy, of Mo, and giving his seat to the democrat he defeated, they were compelled to temporarily abandon the scheme. It will be again attempted this week, and it will, of course, in the end succeed. It is only a question of getting a democratic quorum present.

According to a relative of Secretary Hoke Smith, now visiting Washington, Sam Jones, the slang-slinging, Georgia preacher, said lately of the democrats in Congress: "Of all the box-ankled, bandy shanked, flea-bitten, bob-tailed, mangry, courageless, brainless Jackasses that ever assembled since God made the world, I think for pure downright cussedness the present gang in Congress, headed by Hill in the Senate and tailed by no quorum in the House, beats them all." And the Reverened Sam is a democrat, too.

The defense of Representative Breckenridge in the suit for breach of promise of marriage, now tried in the Washington courts, has furnished lots of amusement here. The idea of a man of his experience prominence and years having been led astray by any woman beautiful and artful—Miss Pollard is far from being beautiful is so ridiculous and absurd that a general smile is the result whenever it is mentioned, and it is mentioned quite often. However, he had to make some sort of a defense, and he doubtless thought that this one would at least secure him the sympathy of the other men who are following in his footsteps, because, if successful, it will furnish a precedent to help get them out of similar predicaments should they too get found out. His political career is regarded here as being ended.

MARRYING ON NOTHING.

Some western speculators—they are always speculating in the west with other people's money—organized a company to facilitate marriages. The scheme was to issue endowment policies, the holders of which would be entitled to certain sums one year after marriage. The court declared such an undertaking as against public policy and refused to issue a certificate of incorporation.

This is a wise decision. Any scheme which would induce a man to marry before he was able to support a wife is certainly against public policy. Poor men rush into marriage fast enough now without being encouraged to take any greater financial risks by marrying with no expectations beyond an endowment policy which might or might not be paid, more likely the latter.

Of course it costs very little to be married. In Camden this service is performed for a mere trifle, day or night. But the real and ever recurring expense comes after marriage, when the sweet supposition of courtship that two can live as cheaply as one is summarily proved a most mendacious fallacy. Then it is suddenly discovered that two mouths eat more than one; and even if hubby gives up his cigars and his beer he cannot make up the grand deficit, which will not be less ened when baby comes. Therefore, young man, do not be in too great a hurry to enter upon this married life unless you have a fair income and a prospect of its continuance. Otherwise you will embitter the happiness of a relation that should bring you joy—not regret and despair. Love and poverty may get along together amicably in pastoral novels; but in this work-a-day world they are not good running mates.

MARCH AS LION AND LAMB.

Who invented the saying that if March came in like a lion it will go out like a lamb? No matter. The phenomena of the weather lapses [illegible] and are easily described. Little imagination was necessary to the invention of that saying. But what is the cause of these lion like and lamb like phenomena of March? A search for the answer leads at once to the vernal equinox. That occurs on the 21st of March. The stormy season begins about that time, if it begins at all. If the cold of winter is passing away gradually when the sun crosses the equator and takes a straight shot at us on this side, his rays increase the currents gradually; but if winter jumps into the lap of spring at once as this year, the sun's rays give a violent impulse to the currents which were previously well under way. After a deep snow if the weather moderates slowly, the snow disappears slowly; if it moderates very rapidly, the snow melts rapidly, and there is a flood in consequence perhaps. It is much the same with the currents of air. The recent warm spell started a tremendous flow of cold air from the North west. If the advance of temperature had been gradual from that of winter to spring, that flow would have been like the slow melting of the snow. Having run up to a summer figure long before its time, the result was a violent agitation of currents which overwhelmed us with Artic weather. Nature always has her compensations. The lamb-like March is paid for with the lion like.

THE PUBLIC SPIRIT of Allentown that threatened at one time to concentrate effort on a handsome uniform of Naval Officer Wright appears to have subsided altogether. As an intention of good will and distinction the thought or motive was purely beautiful as it was purely local. Perhaps the conception was thoroughly up to the Lehigh standard of what the office should be like and the character of equipment had the proper appreciation. In the Lehigh district uniforms are a big thing. The contributions too were in the right form as they came small and spontaneously but Mr. Wright's friends slipped word along the line that even Naval Officers and Surveyors of the Port do not wear uniforms. They were told that Federal officials were never expected to appear in public like an advanced member of the National Guard and with this explanation the contributions ceased. While for the time being there is disappointment in Allentown on account of the non-uniform situation the public spirit of the city continues just the same, and Naval Officer Wright will take up his duties today with all Lehigh county rejoicing over his success and ready to relieve him of any appointments he may have to spare. Patriotism and uniforms are by no means widely separated.

—The flittings to-day are quite numerous.

THE COMMON SENSE OF IT.

There is no magic—no inscrutable mystery about political economy.

It is simply plain, every-day common sense applied to the management of the business of a whole Nation. It is the extension of the ordinary principles of business to the affairs of the people of a whole country.

It is nonsense to befog so plain a subject with recondite terms, obscure jargon, and metaphysical theories.

Political economy has been aptly described as "the science of enlightened selfishness."

It is not philanthrophy, it is not religion, it is not benevolence, it is not necessarily politics.

It begins by encouraging the individual to do the best possible for himself. If every man will do this in an intelligent, well-directed way, the communities in which he and others like him live will prosper, and, therefore, the whole country. Political economy, therefore, begins with the individual. That country alone is prosperous, and most prosperous, in which the greatest number of individuals are prosperous.

Scientifically and actually, it is vastly better than in every community of 5,000 souls there should be 1,000 men who each make $1,000 a year, than that each of these make only $250, while one man makes $100,000. This is true political economy.

The United States contain 70,000,000 people. These are naturally dependent on each other. Nearly the whole of their livelihood is gained by supplying each other with the necessaries of life. The main object of all Government is, after affording security to life and property, to facilitate and encourage the exchange of products among the various kinds of producers constituting its population. It is its duty to see that, to the greatest extent possible, its own people supply each other with what is needed. This for three reasons:

1. That the money be retained in the country for the use of all the people in the country.

2. That the greatest amount of employment be given to all the inhabitants, and therefore each individual get the highest possible share of prosperity

3. That its people may to the greatest extent be rendered indepedent of other countries.

As we have said before, this is simply the extension to National matters of the sound rules of thrift and business governing the conduct of families, farms, and business houses.

Each family, farm, and business house strives, and should strive, to keep as much as possible of the money it gains for itself by producing as much as is practicable of what it consumes; what it buys outside it should make an effort to get of its neighbors who buy of it, so as to make trade reciprocal, and to enable all to get as much as possible of each other's products, waste the least by long transportation, and keep the money, the medium of trade, as near home as possible. So we go from the little local community to the larger commercial divisions, and from them to the Nation as a whole.

A little inland community, let us say, like Bellefonte and Centre County, ought to strive to produce all that it can, reasonably and profitably, of what it needs. That which it cannot produce it should get from its nearest neighbors who do produce it, and so on until it reaches the commercial centers of its section-Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, etc., and from them to the commercial centers of the whole Nation.

So that if this community will do the best it can for itself and for its own people, it will contribute to the prosperity of the whole country. The prosperity of the whole is made up of that of the different parts.

This brings us to the common sense of protection to farming. The prosperity of the farmers is the basis of that of the whole country. It cannot be otherwise. The manufacturers and merchants cannot sell more than the farmers are able to buy. Foreign trade for manufacturers is still a good way off. It will have to be valiantly fought for against the fierce competition of English, Belgium, French and German manufacturers. Ours must, therefore, continue to rely for their support upon our own farmers.

What reliance can they have if the farmers are reduced to poverty by foreign competition? What will become of manufacturers and merchants when their customers are deprived of the means wherewith to buy?

Are not these being reduced to poverty, and deprived of the means wherewith to buy?

No man can successfully deny that the present tendency is to the direct impoverishment of the farmers of the United States. They are being encouraged to devote themselves to raising articles upon which there is the smallest margin of profit and which when exported are sold at an actual loss, while at least one-fifth of all the money in the country is sent abroad every year to buy agricultural products that should be produced on our own soil.

To the man of common sense this looks like wicked economic suicide.

We raise hundreds of millions of bushels of wheat, corn, and oats to sell in England at what is really much less than the cost of production, when we take into account the value of the fertilizers they have abstracted from the soil. On the other hand, we buy about every year $300,000,000 worth of sugar, potatoes, barley, wool, fruits butter, cheese, eggs, etc., which should come from our own acres.

Can there be any defense of such economic folly?

The thrifty farmer does not make such a fool of himself as to do this in every day life. He does not toil and sweat through the Summer to raise a crop of wheat to sell at 55 cents a bushel, and then take the scanty price of his grain over to his neighbor, and pay him big prices for his eggs, butter, potatoes, and other supplies for his family. As we do not do this as individuals, why should we make it a National policy?

Our true and our only policy should be to raise no more wheat and corn than our people need, sell none abroad, and raise at home the farm products that foreigners sell us at a profit.

This is the way to solid prosperity for farmers, and when the farmers are prosperous everyone else will be.—*American Farmer.*

The bulletin sent out by the Census Bureau last week, describing the prosperous condition of the manufacturing industries of the county in 1890, is the most convincing proof that could be given of the value of the Republican policy of protection. No nation in existence, or that ever has existed, has been able to make such a showing of abounding paosperity and such a phenomenal increase in wealth as this census bulletin shows to have occurred between 1880 and 1890. The increase in the number of manufacturing establishments was 40 per cent; in capital employed, 133 per cent.; in cost of material, 51 per cent.; in the value of product, 74 per cent., and the increase in wages paid was 140 per cent. It was from this position of prosperity, which was rapidly increasing, that the country was precipitated in order that Grover Cleveland and the Democratic party might have a chance to test their free trade theories. The people can draw the contrast and apply the lesson.

THE Fifth anthracite district is the representative centre of the individual operator and has no parallel on that score in the State. There are eighteen great interests within a radius of eighteen miles of Hazleton, the natural supply point of the district, and the annual report of the Mine Inspector just made public shows a total production of coal of 6,239,098 tons with total shipments at 5,591,633. But three corporations figure in the list of operators, indicating the nicety of distribution of available lands among the individual developments, and of the output the corporations have credit for a million tons only. The Upper Lehigh coal field is very interesting, as it presents phases of the labor question absent in the others, and mining with the operators there has become very much of a science.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE.

In another column of this paper will be found the official announcement of John G. Love, Esq., as a candidate for the nomination for President Judge of this district. Mr. Love is so well known throughout Centre, as well as Huntingdon counties, that he needs no words of praise from us. His past carreer as an attorney at the Centre county bar has placed him in the very front ranks of the legal profession. He is celebrated for his wise judgment, his comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the law, while his interpretation thereof is never questioned. He would make a good candidate and an able judge.

Romances are uncommon in Land Office suits, but here is a pretty little one. Jessie Sinclair, a Wisconsin school teacher, determined to aid her intended husband, who was poor, and she settled on a tract of land embraced in the water front reserve. She lived on the land and complied with the legal requirements. Later two men made an entry for the same land and sued to dispossess her. Secretary Hoke Smith has decided in her favor, holding settlement valid against the subsequent entry. The land is worth $4500 now.

—The backbone of the March lion is broken and hereafter we may reasonably expect genuinely warm Spring weather.

A GEORGIA MURDER.

A Father Assassinated by His Daughter and Wife.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 25.—A special to the Constitution from Homer, Banks county, says that J. F. Willis was killed last week by his daughter Lillian and his wife.

The news of the tragedy did not leak out for several days, when a son, Francis, 11 years of age, told it to some neighbors. Daughter and mother were arrested and taken to Homer and given a preliminary trial. The boy testified that his father came home from work about dark and, setting his bottle of whisky upon the cupboard, called for his supper. After beginning to eat his meal, a difficulty arose between the father and mother, and the former left the table and sat down on a chair before the fire. His daughter Lillian about 15 years of age, struck him with an ax, cutting a gash in his skull. Rising up and screaming Willis threw back his head and the mother took the ax from the girl and cut him across the throat with it.

The girl says she struck the blow with the ax after having cut her father's throat with a rozor, while he was choking her mother to death. After drawing the razor across the throat of her father, and seeing that he was not dead, she picked up the ax and finished him. Her plea was that she did the deed to save her mother's life. The jury rendered a verdict releasing the girl. The verdict met with demonstrations of applause by those in the court room.

MAY BE RUINED.

NEW YORK, March 25.—A special to a morning paper from Massillon, O., signed by Hugh O'Donnell, the labor leader says: "Unless Coxey can manage to raise $24,000 by next Wednesday he is probably a ruined man."

He still owes that amount on the celebrated stallion Acolyte, and the former owner of the horse, Colonel James E. Pepper, the well known whisky man and stock raiser, of Kentucky, holds a mortgage on the horse and other property of Coxey to protect that amount. Coxey purchased the stallion for $40,000 and gave [illegible] that amount. He paid [illegible] 000 and owes $24,000. The former owner alarmed by the reports of Coxey's insane movement sent his son here this week to take a survey of the situation. The result is that attorneys were instructed to proceed against Coxey today, but after a long conference, it was agreed to give the president of the Good Roads association until Wednesday to settle.

This is very likely but the beginning of the end. Coxey's entire property is heavily mortgaged and this move of the Peppers, it is thought, is calculated to start up his other creditors, and if they come in force Coxey is done for, as his first wife predicted, and as his second wife feared he would be. It remains to be seen whether Coxey will desert the army at Alliance on Tuesday evening and hurry back to protect his material interests or remain with the army and let his property be gobbled up.

DEATH OF A BANK CASHIER.

Huntingdon, Pa., March 25.—Mr. John H. Glazier, cashier of the Huntingdon bank, died at his home here last night at 6.30 o'clock. He had been in poor health a long time, but his death was sudden and unexpected.

Mr. Glazier was the founder of the Huntingdon bank about 11 years ago, and he made it a great success and was doing a profitable business. He was generally regarded as one of the ablest financiers in this part of the state.

A wife and one son and one daughter survive. Deceased was aged about 53 years.

THE Girard Trust is doing good in more ways than one. We need not allude to the fifteen hundred young boys and girls it is educating, for that is known to all. During the past twelve years it has planted 130,000 trees on the lands of the estate, to replace the timber required in its mining operations. During the present year it will set out 20,000 more, and the feature will be steadily adhered to until all the timber that has been cut away in the past will be replaced by these artificial plantings. The Trust in its report also announces the gratifying demostrates the facts that it is possible to establish re-forestation on a large scale, and that its advantages are already clear and indisputable.

Cheap agricultural implements—they were never cheaper than to-day—are going to lead to an enormous demand from farms too small or too poor to put them to use at past prices. Every Western visitor to New England must have been struck by the absence of farm machinery, familiar in the West but not used in New England because they were too dear for small farms and the limited area of each field. Last week eighty-one carloads of agricultural implements were shipped from Auburn to New England. Such a shipment is a trifle by the side of the annual output, but its departure to a single section indicates both some revival in farming and a great cheapening of these tools.

MADE AWAY WITH MONEY.

Ignorant Foreigners Are Defrauded Out of Thousands of Dollars.

Scranton, Pa., March 25.—Much excitement was occasioned among a vast number of the Polish Hungarian and Italian residents of this city to-day by the announcement of the disappearance of the firm of C. Rose & Co., doing business as banker, passage, exchange and foreign express agents, at 417 Lackawanna avenue. The allegations of the creditors are that B. Lebowitz, who formed the 'And company' of the firm, disappeared a few days ago, taking with him about $5,000 in cash that had been paid the firm by ignorant foreigners, with the understanding that the money was to be forwarded to relatives in European countries. Rose was away at the time, and when he returned he found that more money had been stolen than he was able to return and he followed the example of Lebowitz. secured about $3,000 more and then disappeared yesterday afternoon.

His 14 year-old son was the last remnant of the firm to leave the city. He went away by an early train this morning At the station he was surrounded by a crowd of Hungarians and Poles, and but for the intervention of the police he would have been assaulted. Lebowitz and Rose formerly worked for weinberger, who recently failed and decamped in New York, and it is stated by parties here who profess to know that Lebowitz is already in Europe.

TO NOMINATE HASTINGS.

A special from Harrisburg says: Ex-Governor James A. Beaver will present the name of General D. H. Hastings to the Republican State Convention, and Charles Emory Smith will follow in seconding the General's nomination for Governor. Others have indicated a desire to say complimentary things of the Bellefonte candidate, among them George B. Orlady, of Huntingdon, who at last Republican gubernatorial convention performed the duty that this year will devolve on Gen. Beaver.

J. O. Horne, of Pittsburg, has secured five rooms at the Commonwealth Hote for the use of Senator Lyon and his friends. Nearly all of the Allegheny county delegates will stop at this hotel and Philadelphia's representation will also be roomed there. Hastings, Lyon and Latta have engaged quarters at the Commonwealth, while Congressman Robinson, Secretary Stewart, Giles D. Price and Congressmen Grow and McDowell will hang out at the Lochiel, which will also be the headquarters of Chairman Gilkeson and the Republican State Committee. Mylin and Huff have given no hint as to their stopping places.

Senator Quay has not made a request for hotel accommodations during the convention, but his old room will be retained for him at the Lochiel unless he should make up his mind to stay away from Harrisburg at that time.

IT is stated that the demand for tariff literature seems more general this year than ever before. Heretofore the demand for tariff speeches has been confined largely to the Granger States and outlying communities rather than from the populous centres of the East. The demand for these speeches this year has greatly increased from the manufacturing districts. The aggregate of tariff speeches thus far distributed by members of Congress has reached several millions, and this number will probably be doubled after the subject hall have been thoroughly ventilated on the floor of the Senate.

SMALLPOX AT DANVILLE.

The conflicting reports as to the epidemic of smallpox in Danville impelled the state board of health to send Dr. W. B. Atkinson, of Philadelphia, and Dr. H. P. Renn, of Sunbury, to that place Thursday. The two physicians report that they found ten well defined smallpox cases of the most malignant type. These, with the varioloid and chickenpox cases, will run the number up to thirty.

JAMES WILBUR HEVERLY.

On Saturday, March 25, James Wilbur Heverly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Heverly of Eagleville, passed from earth to heaven, aged one year, six months and twenty-three days. The funeral services were held in the Baptist church at Eagleville, on Sunday afternoon, the 26th, Rev. J. B. Soule, the pastor, officiating. There was a very large attendance. The interment was made in the cemetery adjoining the church.

MURDER AT DUBOIS.

William McClelland Stabs His Wife and Kills Her Paramour.

DuBois, March 21.—Shortly after noon to-day William McClelland stabbed and killed John Danver, a laborer, aged 42 years, and also stabbed Mrs. McClelland twice in the back, but not fatally. He had caught the pair under suspicious circumstances, and in a frenzy drew a clasp pocket knife and committed the bloody deed. After stabbing Danver in the right side he threw him down stairs. Danver ran around the house and fell dead.

G. I. White ran to the man's aid, but he was dead when picked up. McClelland showed the knife to White, telling him that he had killed Danver and also that he had tried to kill his wife. McClelland afterward stated that he had intended to kill them both. The murderer was placed under arrest, and after a brief hearing was taken to Clearfield to await the result of the inquest.

Danver had been boarding with the family for the past week and had been acquainted with the family for years.

AN ESHERITE VICTORY.

Cleveland, March 21.—By a decision rendered by the Supreme Court at Columbus yesterday the dispute over control of the property of Evangelical Association in this state was settled, so far as the state courts are concerned. The case may be taken to the Supreme Court. The suit just decided was brought by the Dubbs faction to take from the present officers of the church, elected at the Indianapolis general conference, control of the publishing house in this city.

The Circuit Court decided the case in favor of the defendants, who represented the Esher faction of the church. The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court.

Cases are also pending in the courts of other states, and on their outcome depends the control of many millions of dollars' worth of property. The Esherites have been successful in the Supreme Courts of Ohio and Illinois.

CASE OF NECESSITY.

There is a solitary colored man in Congress. He is George Washington Murray and is a representative of a South Carolina district. His seat is located about the middle of the House, on the Republican side. When Galusha A. Grow entered upon his duties, ten days ago, he was compelled to take a desk far back where he could hear very little of the proceedings. In looking about Grow discovered that the seat adjoining Murray's was vacant. While Republicans are willing to fall on the colored brother's neck and sleep with him the night before the election, none of them cared to sit beside him in the House. Making a virtue of necessity Grow exchanged to the unoccupied seat next to the negro. It is now announced that the venerable Galusha accepted the prescribed desk because he does not share the prejudice of his Republican colleagues against "the man and brother."

TRIAL LIST.

For the first week of court commencing on Monday, April 23rd, 1894.

M. Shires vs. W. H. Musser.
John Duck et al. vs Henry Keen.
J C Nason vs Jno C Hoover and wife.
W C Heinle vs John Swartz, et al.
John W Cook vs I J Huff & Co,
A Baum, Agt. vs. E J Swavely.
E S Dorworth, use of vs James K. McMullen.
Daniel Butler vs J H Hall.
J S Waite & Co vs J N Shaw.
L C Bullock vs John Rishel et al.
Wm. Mann, Sr. vs First National Bank, of Bellefonte.

THE PATRONS' PICNIC.

The executive committee at a recent meeting fixed upon the week of 17th of September for the next picnic at Centre Hall. We are informed that county deputy Frain will endeavor to eliminate some of the objectionable features and raise the standard of the gathering, in which brother Frain will find a second from all farmers and the public in general. Deputy Frain is a farmer of intelligence and broad views and one of the readiest talkers in the honored order.

BE HONEST.

This week's *Democrat* says if Judge Furst should be elected Judge he would have a new court house erected. Now that kind of talk is simply the slush of an old chestnut. The same thing was asserted when Judge Furst was a candidate before, and the editor knows that Judge Furst, when charging the grand jury, after his election, set that falsehood to rest officially. The editor also knows that Judge Furst, or any other Judge that might be elected, has no more say in the erection of a new court house than any other one citizen. The editor also knows that for local reasons Mr. Daniel Garman and Judge Furst are in accord in regard to the erection of a new court house. Why can't partisan papers tell the truth?

—The School Board are fixing up the North ward school park in fine style. Robert McKnight has it in charge and what he undertakes to do will be well done. The grounds will be leveled up, and nicely terraced on the north side and iron settees will be placed under the shade trees for the accommodation of the public. There will be turnstiles placed in the north east and south-east corners of the park as well as other places, for the accommodation of visitors, pedestrians and children.

MINERS ACCEPT THE REDUCTION.

A very large mass meeting of miners was held in the Beaver meadows near Point Lookout on Monday to consider the question of accepting the reduction in the price of mining and mine labor. The meeting was addressed by Master Workman, who spoke very mildly and counseled the miners to go to work at forty cents a ton and prepare for a general strike later in the season, and they took his advice.

Before the mass meeting the miners paraded the town, preceeded by a large blood red banner bearing the words, "Do unto others as you would be done by. Our wives and children are begging for bread. In union there is strength." There were two brass bands in the procession which was composed of nearly 2,000 men. A great many people think the color of the banner was significant, and it certainly did look startling.

There seems to be a little demand for coal just now. Nearly all the mines are working more or less, and we think the miners showed their wisdom by accepting the situation and earning what they can instead of going on a strike, which would have sent the orders somewhere else.

SAMUEL F. FOSTER DEAD.

After a lingering illness of a couple weeks, the spirit of Mr. Samuel F. Foster took its flight this morning about 7 o'clock Death came easy-so easy that the watchers by the bedside scarcely knew the vital spark had flown and the silver cord of life snapped asunder.

Deceased was one of the old residents of Bellefonte and was well known not only here but all over the county. He was a native of Lancaster county but came to Centre county now near forty years ago. It is now about thirty years since he came to Bellefonte and during that period he has lived a useful and upright life. For a number of years past he has been Justice of the Peace and in that capacity he has served the public interest faithfully and well. At the time of his death he was aged about 73 years. He leaves to mourn his death one son Edward, of this place, and one brother, John S. Foster, of State College. The funeral will occur Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

STARTED LIFE ON A RAFT.

A very good story is going the rounds about Jacob Tome, the millionaire bank president, who the other day left a package containing $60,000 in bank notes lying on a car seat. As is well known, his wealth, which is estimated at several millions, was accumulated by hard work and shrewd investments. He started life on a raft, and at one time during his career was a hostler in Maryland. Some time ago, so the story goes, a friend of his, who had been a fellow hostler in Tome's early days and who had never risen above that, approached him for the loan of $250. He was informed that he could have it upon producing proper security. This demand for security incensed Mr. Tome's hostler friend, and turning to him, said: "Why! dang it, Jake, weren't you and I hostlers together? and received the reply: "Yes, and you're a hostler still."

WOULDN'T EAT HIM.

Every person knows our friend, Billy Lyons, the butcher, who is not considered to possess the handsomest face on earth. The other day Billy was sitting in one of our hotels cogitating over the loss of a small bill overdue, while opposite him was a nicely dressed young man minding his own business who attracted our friend's attention. The young man noticed Billy gazing at him when he said: "You look at me as if you wanted to eat me," "I couldn't," "was Billy's reply, "for I am a Hebrew," Whilst the the young man was fumbling in his hip pocket Lyons left humming "The girl I left behind me."

AN UNSEEN ENEMY

Is more to be dreaded than an open and visible one. The subtle and lurking foe, which under the generic name of malaria manifests itself, when it clutches us in its tenacious grasp, in the various form of chills and fever, billious remittent, dumb ague or ague cake, can only be effectually guarded against by fortifying the system against its insiduous attacks with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a thorough anidote to the poison of miasma in the system, and a safeguard against it thoroughly to be relied upon. In the event of a malarious attack, avoid poisoning your system with quinine, and use instead this wholesome remedy, unobjectionable in taste and far more efficacious than any drug. Use the Bitters for dyspepsia, billiousness, constipation, kidney complaints and rheumatism.

JOINED THE SYNDECATE.

Constable Fox, of Johnsburg, Elk Co., Penn., brought a prisoner to this place on the early train Tuesday morning last. After placing his prisoner in jail he made arrangements for leaving for home on the 9 a. m. train from which time he has not been seen or heard of, although diligent inquiry has been made by his friends. He, too, has joined the disappearance syndicate.

DEATH OF MRS. FOREMAN.

The news comes to us of the sad death of Mrs. Edward Foreman which occurred at her home at Centre Hall Friday night. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. A. P. Luse, of Centre Hall, and had been married only about one year. She was aged about 20 years. The funeral took place Monday morning.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BOB WANTS TO FIGHT.

He Prefers Corbett To Any Other Man.

New York, March 21.—Bob Fitzsimmons, the middleweight champion of the world, and his backer, called at the Illustrated News to-day and expressed their desire to make a match with Dan Creedon at 158 pounds, the middle weight limit.

Fitzsimmons says it will not be necessary for Creedon and his backer to wait for some club to offer a big purse, as Fitzsimmons is willing to take him in a room with but five men a side and fight him with any style or size of glove that Creedon may feel inclined to select, Fitzsimmons says that Colonel Hopkins, Creedon's backer, and James J. Corbett are both on record for saying they would back Creedon against him for $5,000. Now, Fitzsimmons and his backer stand ready to accommodate both these gentlemen and will put up $10,000 at any minute they feel inclined to come to the front and make the match.

Fitzsimmons further stated that he stood ready to meet any two middle weights in the world in the same ring, the same night to a finish or for a limited number of rounds, providing a separate purse was offered for each event. Furthermore, he stood ready to meet any heavyweight in the world, barring Peter Jackson, with James J. Corbett preferred. Fitzsimmons feels confident that he can whip Corbett and is more anxious to fight him, but he considers Peter Jackson the greatest fighter on earth and a man with whom he does not class.

A CONFERENCE STORY.

During one of the evening talks at the M. E. conference at Harrisburg, a speaker told this story. The congregation of a newly organized church was made an offer by a traveling man who happened in one day of being furnished with a complete set of hymn books if some advertising matter would be allowed in the volumes. The congregation readily consented, thinking that a few fly leaves of "ads" might easily be over looked. The hymn books arrived on time and were used first on Easter morning. The traveling man wasn't there. The minister announced that the congregation would sing the 540th hymn, without reading. The big organ rolled out the notes and everybody started in with a will and sang.

"Hark the herald angels sing
Squiggles pills are just the thing."

The second line seemed a trifle off color but the momentum of the hymn was too great to stop and find out what was the matter so the congregation went on.

"Peace to man and mercy mild,
Two for a man and one for a child.

A WOMAN'S POWER.

IN IS THE GREATEST ON

It Establishes Thrones and Destroys Nations.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

The influence of women upon the civilization of the world could never be measured.

The flash of her eye, the touch of her hand, and we have the marvelous power of women, glorious in the possession of perfect physical health. Lydia E. Pinkham, by her wonderful discovery of the Vegetable Compound has done much to place this great health power in the hands of women. She has lifted them out of the misery brought by displacement of the womb, and all the evils that follow diseased uterus.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restores natural cheerfulness, destroys despondency, cures leucorrhœa, backache, strengthens the muscles, restores the womb to its normal condition, regulates menstruation, removes inflammation, ulceration, and tumors of the womb, etc.

Here are two women who speak from experience, and for the benefit of others.

Miss Helen Smith, 43 22d Place, Chicago, Ill., says:—"I was troubled with irregularity and leucorrhœa. I followed Mrs. Pinkham's advice, took her Vegetable Compound, and used her Sanative Wash. I now feel like a new woman, and am perfectly healthy."

Mrs. E. Fox, Woodstown, N. J., writes:—"I had been sick 10 years with womb trouble and leucorrhœa. Doctors could not help me. *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound did. Employment of any kind does not trouble me now, and I can stand nearly all day and not feel tired. I cannot thank you enough. I recommend the Compound to every woman who has any weakness."

HILL'S

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

READ OUR TESTIMONIALS

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS.

During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at $1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us $1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for HILL'S TABLETS and take no other.

Manufactured only by

—THE—

OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,

51, 53 & 55 Opera Block,

LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

DOLGE FERRY, N. Y.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for $1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I received them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured.
Truly yours, MATHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 45.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He was a heavy and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have watched four months before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly,
MRS. HELEN MORRISON.
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part. W. L. LOCKHART.

Address all Orders to

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 and 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

(In writing please mention this paper.)

EXPLOSIVES, POWDER, FUSE AND QUARRYING MACHINERY.

ATLAS POWDER—The very best quality of Dynamite in use is named the Atlas Powder, for blasting rocks and blowing out stumps.

JUDSON POWDER—The Judson powder is of medium strength between black powder and dynamite.

BLACK POWDER—DuPont's make of blasting, rifle and sporting powder has always been considered the best in the market and it is as good in quality today as it ever was.

CARTRIDGES.—Fixed ammunition for hunters and sportsmen.

WE ARE PREPARED to supply the trade with the above High Class Explosives at the very lowest prices. We guarantee the lowest prices for the best goods in this line ever offered for sale in this community.

FUSE—Cotton, hemp, tape and rubber fuses for use in dry and wet rock.

PLATNUM FUSES AND ELECTRIC BLASTING APPARATUS.

ROCK DRILLS—Rock Drills operated by hand, steam or compressed air with boilers, air compressors and engines for operating the same.

ORDERS FOR ANY of the above articles placed in our hands will receive prompt attention at the very lowest prices.

McCALMONT & CO.,
24-23-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

BOOTS & SHOES

JOHN M. COBLE,
LEMONT, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes made to order, at two dollars less a pair than than the same can be purchased in Bellefonte or any other large town.

First class work and material. Nothing cheap but the price. Satisfaction guaranteed in fit and style.

All I ask is one trial, I know that after that I shall have your trade.

CALL ON OR ADDRESS AS ABOVE
V23 N27 tf

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON D. C.

"OUR POTENCY CURES CATARRH

The *Profuse discharge of mucus* from the nose, the *dropping of mucus* from the nostrils into the throat, the *accumulation* of mucus and the constant inclination to hawk and expectorate. 50 Cts. per Box, (disks).

99

Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

THE HAHNEMANN SPECIFICS CO.,
631 Broadway, New York.

For Sale by

EUREKA GROCERY,
M. P. TUTEN, Proprietor,
High street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

HUMPHREYS'

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano? Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

For Burns, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. The relief is instant—the healing wonderful and unequaled.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

For Boils, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Fistulas, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Chafing or Scald Head. It is Infallible.

For Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples, It is invaluable.

Price, 50 Cents. Trial size, 25 Cents.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

THE PILE OINTMENT

LADIES ONLY.

DR. DU MONT'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are always safe and reliable. 12,000 testimonials from all over the world. Beware of dangerous substitutes and imitations. Price $1.00 per package. Sent by mail securely sealed from observation.

Address, Dr. R. Dumont,
98 S. Halstead St., Chicago, Ills., U. S. A.
24-20-1y

ELY'S Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflamation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

TRY THE CURE

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

CHATTERBOX

THE KING OF JUVENILES. No book has ever been made for young people which compares in value, or has had one-tenth the sale of this great annual. **Millions of copies have been sold.** The new volume for 1893-4 is just ready, and has over 200 large and entirely new pictures, several new stories, (each a book in itself), and hundreds of short stories, anecdotes, etc. The best Xmas present possible for boys and girls of all ages. Order from your bookseller or of us.

ESTES & LAURIAT, Publishers, Boston.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE.

Located in one of the most Beautiful and Healthful Spots in the Allegheny Region; Open to both sexes; Tuition Free; Undenominational; Board and other expenses very low; New buildings and equipments.

LEADING DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY.

1. AGRICULTURE (Two Courses), and AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY; with constant illustrations on the Farm and in the Laboratory.
2. BOTANY AND HORTICULTURE; theoretical and practical. Students taught original study with the microscope.
3. CHEMISTRY; with an unusually full and thorough course in the Laboratory.
4. CIVIL ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; these courses are accompanied with very extensive practical exercises in the Field, the Shop and the Laboratory.
5. HISTORY; Ancient and Modern, with original investigation.
6. INDUSTRIAL ART AND DESIGN; and equipments.
7. LADIES' COURSE IN LITERATURE AND SCIENCE; two years. Ample facilities for music, vocal and instrumental.
8. LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE; Latin (optional), French, German and English (required), one or more continued through the entire course.
9. MATHEMATICS AND ASTRONOMY, pure and applied.
10. MECHANIC ARTS; combining shop work with study, three years' course, new building and equipment.
11. MENTAL, MORAL AND POLITICAL SCIENCE; Constitutional Law and History, Political Economy, &c.
12. MILITARY SCIENCE; instruction, theoretical and practical, including each arm of the science.
13. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years, carefully graded and thorough.

Commencement week, June 12—15, 1892. Fall term opens Sept. 14, 1892. Examination for admission, June 16 and Sept. 17 For catalogue or other information, address,

GEO. W. ATHERTON, L.L. D., President.

Professional Cards.

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16-17-tf

CLEMENT DALE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Crider's new building corner of Allegheny and High streets. 10 65 tf

J. G. LOTZ, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Hon. Judge Hoy. ja471-tf

A. A. DALE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Crider's Building, corner Allegheny streets, Bellefonte, Pa. 24-19-tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 14-1y-13

Insurance.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9-9-1y GEORGE L. POTTER.
(Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

PATENTS

TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and advice as to patentability of invention. Send for "Inventor's Guide," or How to Obtain a Patent.

PATRICK O'FARRELL, Attorney-at-Law, Washington, D. C.

AGAINST
Insurance FIRE & Lightning
IN STANDARD CASH COMPANIES
At - Lowest - Rates.
ESTABLISHED IN 1878.
J. C. WEAVER,
V23-N48-tf BELLEFONTE, PA

JESSE CLEAVER
SURVEYOR & CIVIL ENGINEER.
Has had many years experience locating lands and roads in Centre and adjoining counties Reference if desired. Has timber land for sale.
Unionville, Fleming P. O., Centre Co., Pa.
Telephone to A. J. Griest's Store.

TS SPORTEE! IT'S SPICEY IT'S SPUNKEE
NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS
THE ORGAN OF HONEST SPORT IN AMERICA.
All the sensations of the day pictured by the FOREMOST ARTISTS OF THE COUNTRY
Life in New York Graphically Illustrated.
Breezy but respectable.
$4.00 FOR A YEAR, $2.00 FOR SIX MONTHS
Do you want to be posted? Then send your Subscription to the
NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS,
3 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK CITY,
Published ever Wednesday, dated Saturdys

IRVIN HOUSE LOCK HAVEN, PA.—The hom of Commercial men. The paradise for th weary traveler, and the best hotel to sto at in Lock Haven. Free bus to and from a traine.
S. WOODS CALDWELL, Prop

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
111 & 113 N. Broad St., abv. Arch,
PHILADELPHIA PA
Terms: - - $2.00 Per Day.
BENJ. VANDEVER, Proprietor.
J. C. MOORE, Manager.
Most centrally located Hotel in Philadelphia Remodeled and refurnished; fitted up with all the modern improvements. Only five minutes walk from Broad street station and but a square from the public buildings.
No better accommodations in the city than at the "Columbia." f12

BUGGIES at ½ Price
CARTS & HARNESS.
$99 Top Buggy ... $37 | We Cut the
$95 Phaeton ... 304 | PRICES and
4 Pass. Top Surrey 347 | outsell ALL
$50 Road Wagon, $25 | competitors.
$16 Road Cart ... $5.50 | Buy of fac-
Buggy Harness, $3.95 | tory and save
$10 Buggy " $4.75 | Middleman's
$30 Team " $12.50 | profit.
Morgan Saddle, $1.65 | Cat'g'e Free.
U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
2 to 12 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

Garfield Tea
Overcomes results of bad eating.
Cures sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y.
Cures Constipation

—And now Centre Hall wants a bicycle club.

—Have you noticed the beautiful hyacinth in the money order window of the postoffice? It was a present to Miss Butts from Miss Barrett.

—The Lock Haven *Express* says a large force of men are at work ballasting the new Nittany Valley railroad and putting the line in first-class condition.

—The youths of Bellefonte are ahead of the adults. They have already organized a "Hastings Club" and are now holding regular meetings. So much for their loyalty to our home candidate.

—The grass is growing, the buds are bursting and everything denotes that spring is here. The weather, certainly, could not be nicer than it is now. Let the garden making and the farming go on.

—County Commissioners Adams Goodheart and Strohm were at Milesburg Friday to help locate a new bridge across Spring Creek into the ancient borough. There were a large number of the citizens on the ground to welcome them.

—On Wednesday Jonathan Schenck came to Bellefonte and offered to bail Mrs. Redding out of jail, but she refused unless bail was also put up for Clarence Davis. This not being done both parties are still in jail, and may stay there until the April session of court.

—The members and friends of the A. M. E. church called at the residence of Rev. Honesty, on Friday evening, and gave him a large donation of choice articles. Mr. Wm. Mills made the presentation speech. Rev. Honesty made a short reply expressing his appreciation of their kindness.

—On Wednesday Justice John B. Linn heard a case in which Mr. Conrad Long, of Howard, had brought suit against several parties for the recovery of toll for traveling on the turnpike from Howard to Jacksonville. After hearing all the evidence Mr. Linn decided against Mr. Long on the grounds that his pike was not long enough.

—Up to this writing no news whatever has as yet been received of the missing Mrs. Jerome Smith. The telegrams sent out by the Chief Burgess brought no information. To-day Mr. Smith went to Reedsville, where some of her friends live, in the hope of finding her there or, at least, hearing something in regard to her whereabouts.

—"The Dazzler" held forth to a small audience in Garman's opera house Friday night and gave as good a performance as ever. The funny men were even funnier than before. The singing was of the best, while the dances were the newest out and the jokes all original and mirth-provoking. It is a play calculated to make one forget the worries of life and business cares and for this reason it has proved a great success.

—At a meeting of the board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College Erwin W. Runkle, A. M. Ph. D., of Yale, was elected assistant professor of ethics and psychology in charge of the department. He has accepted and will enter upon his duties at once. The board also decided that with the beginning of the college year September, 1894, students from other States will be charged $100 for tuition per year.

—A Tyrone man asking a blessing at meal time the other morning hit bis wife a heavenly right-hander as follows: "Der Lord, I would ask Thy blessing on this food, but I realize that it is cooked too miserably for Thee to waste Thy valuable time in blessing, so, instead, I urge it upon Thee that Thou instill into my wife's heart that it is better to cook steak acceptably for one man than to raise $10 by working two weeks for a church social."

A YOUNG GIRL'S FORTUNE.

AN INTERESTING SKETCH.

Nothing appeals so strongly to a mother's affection as her daughter just budding into womanhood. Following is an instance: "Our daughter, Blanche, now 15 years of age, had been terribly afflicted with nervousness, and had lost the entire use of her right arm. She was in such a condition that we had to keep her from school and abandon her music lessons. In fact, we feared St. Vitus dance, and are positive but for an invaluable remedy she would have had that terrible affliction. We had employed physicians, but she received no benefit from them. The first of last August she weighed but 75 pounds, and although she has taken only three bottles of Nervine she now weighs 105 pounds; her nervousness and symptoms of St. Vitus dance are entirely gone, she attends school regularly, and studies with comfort and ease. She has recovered complete use of her arm, her appetite is splendid, and no money could procure for our daughter the health Dr. Miles' Nervine has brought her.

When my brother recommended the remedy I had no faith in patent medicines, and would not listen to him, but as a last resort he sent us a bottle, we began giving it to Blanche, and the effect was almost immediate."—Mrs. R. R. Bullock, Brighton, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is positively free from opiates or dangerous drugs.

ARBOR DAY PROCLAMATION.

The beneficent results attending the proper observance of "Arbor Day," in Pennsylvania, have been apparent to the most casual observer. Much has been done in the way of ornamentation of our yards, gardens, public streets and parks, but much still remains to be done. The oft repeated calls for a more general and active observance of the day have not been met with that general response so earnestly desired. The destruction of our timber lands continues with increased vigor,—and unless public opinion is awakened to the dangers that confront us, the woodlands of the State will soon remain only in memory.

The rapid disappearance of our native forests, the constant and indiscriminate destruction of the wood lands, the influence of forests in their relation to floods and droughts, to climate and atmosphere, to health and comfort, to pleasure and entertainment, to occupation and profit,—all combine to make "Arbor Day" one deserving of the support and encouragement of every citizen having at heart the future welfare of the State. Aside from all philanthropic motives, self preservation and a selfish concern for the health and comfort of ourselves and those closely dependent upon us, demand that some consideration be given to this important question.

Attention is called to the provisions of an Act of our General Assembly, approved May 23rd, 1893, (Pamphlet Laws 1893, page 115,) by virtue of which a Forestry Commission is now in existence in our State, and is earnestly engaged in the performance of its duties. From its report to the next Legislature, much valuable information on this important subject is expected. But legislation will be worse than vain unless it is brought about and supplemented by an educated and progressive public opinion.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ROBERT E. PATTISON, Governor of the said Commonwealth, in accordance with custom, which has received the official sanction of our General Assembly, whereby the Governor is requested to appoint, annually, a day to be designated as ARBOR DAY in Pennsylvania, and to recommend by proclamation to the people on the days named, the planting of trees and shrubbery, in the public school grounds and along the public highways throughout the State, do hereby designate and proclaim Friday, the 13th Day of April, and Friday, the 26th Day of April, A. D. 1894, to be observed as Arbor Days in Pennsylvania. The selection of either of the above designated days is left to the discretion of the people in the various sections of the Commonwealth each locality observing that day which is deemed to be most favorable on account of climatic conditions.

Let the people lay aside for a season the habitual activities of the day, and devote sufficient time thereof to plant a forest, fruit or ornamental tree along the public highways and streams, in private and public parks, about the public school houses, around the places of public worship, and on the college grounds, in gardens and on the farms, thus promoting the pleasure, profit and prosperity of the people of the State, providing against floods and storms, securing health and comfort, increasing that which is beautiful and pleasing to the eye, comforting to physical life and elevating to the mind and heart; and, by associations and meetings, excite public interest and give encouragement to this most commendable work.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this nineteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and eighteenth.

ROBT. E. PATTISON.

LOCK HAVEN'S RAILWAY.

Every indication now points to the success of the proposed electric railway from Lock Haven to Mill Hall. It is hoped and expected to have the road in operation during the coming summer. Only about a thousand dollars is lacking yet to make up the $10,000 needed as Lock Haven's portion of the amount to be raised, and the committee feel confident that this sum will all be subscribed this week. It is proposed to organize a local company without delay, so as to get the road under construction as soon as possible.

An Express reporter had a conversation yesterday with a gentleman interested in two electric railway systems, one in Missouri and the other in Pennsylvania. He is decidedly of the opinion that an electric railway will be of great benefit to Lock Haven and will prove a valuable franchise. His experience has been that first-class roads at popular fares pay a good rate of interest on the investment.

Everybody is waiting for the new road and it will be gladly welcomed by our people generally.—*Express.*

THEY BANQUETTED.

At the conclusion of their regular business session on Thursday night the members of Washington Camp, No. 639, Patriotic Order Sons of America, held their second annual banquet in their hall, third floor of the McClain block. There were about fifty members present. The menu included oysters in varous styles, roast chicken and duck, slaw, pickles, beef, etc., etc. Mr. Harry Yerger was toastmaster and presided during the banquet, at the conclusion of which the motto of the order, "God, Our Country and our Order," was discussed. Messrs. George Harmon and David Bartlet acted as cooks and Messrs. Allen Stine, George McClellan and W. J. Dukeman as waiters. It is needless to say the boys all enjoyed the time immensely. It was almost twelve o'clock before they adjourned to their several homes.

PLANT SHADE TREES.

It is not generally known among the farmers of this state, that there is a bounty offered tax payers for the planting and cultivation of shade trees along the public highways. The law was passed in 1879, and says: "Any person liable to road tax, who shall transplant to the side of the public highway on his own premises any fruit, shade trees or forest trees of suitable size, shall be allowed by the supervisor of roads, where roads run through or adjion cultivated land in abatement of his road tax, $1 for every four trees set out; but no row of elms shall be placed nearer than 70 feet, no row of maples or other forest trees nearer than 50 feet, except locusts which may be set 30 feet apart; and no allowance shall be made, unless such trees shall have been set out the year previous to the demand for such abatement of tax, and are living and well protected from animals at the time of such demand."

No person shall be allowed an abatement on his highway tax more than one-quarter of his annual highway tax, and any person who shall cut, down, kill or injure any tree shall pay to the supervisor of roads 30 cents for each tree.

DIVISION ENCAMPMENT.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* says. The division encampment of the national guard will be held at Gettysburg, commencing August 3 and continuing eight days. This was decided yesterday by Adjutant General Greenland. Water for the use of the troops will be carried to the camp eight miles through pipes. The railroads centreing in the town will increase their facilities so that transportation of the troops shall not be delayed. The people of Gettysbueg have promised to assist the division officers in making the affair a success.

General Greenland estimates the cost of the encampment at $175,000. The division encampments which have been held at Mt. Gretna cost about $20,000 a day, including the pay of the troops and transportation. He says the cost of transportation for the next encampment will exceed that of the former division encampments by at least $15,000.

THE MYSTERY STILL UNSOLVED.

The fate of Mrs. Jerome Smith, who so mysteriously disappeared from her home in Bellefonte a week ago last Friday, still remains an unsolved problem, baffling the effort of her friends as well as the District Attorney and police. Last Thursday her husband went to the house of her parents in search of her and while he was away the police, District Attorney and others mnde a complete investigation of the premises where she had lived, searching the well and cistern. They found no clue by this search and the husband returned Friday, also from a fruitless hunt. Many people hold the opinion that she is secreted somewhere near the town and others think she has committed suicide.

WEAR THEIR PENS ON THEIR SHOULDERS.

The man about town in the Lewistown *Sentinel* has this to say:

"I have discovered something even more peculiar than my 'kicking pen.' Over in Bellefonte the editors seem to wear their pens on their shoulders. One of them in a recent valedictory says? 'We lay down the editorial pen, which we have worn for so short a time, with the firm belief that it will be assumed by one who will wear it with better grace, and upon whose shoulders it will be more at home."

THEY ALL CONTRIBUTED.

A local preacher out in Armstrong county whose congregation was very reluctant about putting anything into the collection basket, had an unusually good collection the other night. He had grown tired pleading with his audience to open their hearts, explaining to them the blessedness of giving. Some one had stolen a hog from one of his members, and before passing the basket the preacher said: "Now, I want everybody in this congregation to-night to contribute something excepting the man who stole Deacon Jones hog." The basket then went around and no one failed to give.

—The appointment of W. Fisk Conrad, as postmaster at Tyrone, has been confirmed by the Senate, and now the Blair county political pullers can see what effort will do. Fisk did not even contemplate asking for the appointment until after all his competitors had preferred their claims and stored them away safe and dry with the department. Then along comes the lucky Fisk and with a little extra exertion he carried everything before him and thus secured the plum of contention, which in this case is no "bone."

—A tiny little boy crept into the office of the Department of Charities in Pittsburg the other day and handed the chief in charge the following note: "Mamma bought a baby girl this morniug, and we are in need now, and mamma wants to buy something to eat." Could anything be more pathetic? Investigation showed that the father of the family had died five months ago and the mother could not obtain work to keep her little ones from starving.

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

EVERYTHING CLEAR.

To-day is the most sacred day in the Christian calendar, and then, if ever, the pious should feel the spirit of Lent pervading them. Good Friday has been regarded with more or less reverence by Christian people for nearly twenty centuries, and it is one of the greatest arguments of the strength of the hold of Christianity on the world that the day is more sacred now than ever. It is not the custom in the United States to suspend business on that day, but no one supposes that it is looked upon with less reverence on that account. There is other interest attached to the day, however, that appeals to the mind which does not lean toward veneration of religious matters, which is that it is the end of Lent, and clears the way for Easter, with its flowers, new bonnets and special music. For, no matter how we may attempt to disguise it, there is a feeling of relief when the penitential season is over, and the prospects of a resumption of pleasure, and possibly business, appear.

Lent has not made much difference this year, probably, for the general depression has been of a nature that could hardly be accentuated by Lent or anything else. People have not had the money for much dissipation, mild or otherwise, and, as business was about as bad as it could be before, Lent could not make it much worse. One good thing is that Lent came early this year, and there will be nothing in the way of a prosperous spring if other conditions make it possible. We shall have a clear field so far as church observances are concerned, and all that is necessary is that congress should hurry over its consideration of the tariff bill and give us half a chance. That has more influence on trade now than Lent has had since the beginning of the century.

YOUNG MEN IN BUSINESS.

In a recent issue of the Cosmopolitan Mr. Edward W. Bok, editor of the Ladies' Home Journal, himself a young man and a very successful one, has an interesting article on "The Young Man in Business." It is a paper crowded full of wise suggestion and we commend it to the careful attention of the young men who may chance to notice this article.

One very significant statement made by Mr. Bok the result of personal investigation, is that there is always remunerative employment waiting for first class young men. This corresponds with our own observation. Whenever a young man shows that he has good business ideas, whenever he can teach his employer some new and advantageous thing, he is going to have a permanent place at a good salary.

"There are thousands of young men in this country who have average ability. They go to their work at the appointed hour, do what they are told to do and stop at the usual time. They haven't a spark of genius. They seem to be without ambition. They never make an original suggestion. They are animated machines and make just about as much impression on their employers. For such there is little hope of promotion. They will never be the leaders of men, the creators of great enterprises.

Closely again to these are the young men who have no interest in their work or in the success of their employer. They are under the necessity of earning a living and the most interesting day of each month is the one on which they receive their salaries. They have no pride in their work; think about it as little as possible during business hours; dismiss it entirely from their thoughts as soon as they leave the establishment each evening; are not loyal to the man who has given them employment.

CHAS. M'COMBER DEAD.

A telephone dispatch from Tyrone announced the death in that place at 4 o'clock on Saturday of Mr. Charles S. McComber, the proprietor of the Ward House. Mr. McComber has been ill with consumption for some time and his death was therefore not unexpected. He was aged about 48 years.

—On Friday an English sparrow saw its own reflection in the electric light reflector in front of the court house and immediately gave battle to what it supposed was another sparrow. The game bird kept up the contest until dark. Next morning the sparrow returned with its mate and both renewed the battle with their own reflected shadows, until one of them fell from exhaustion and the other gave up the contest and retired for recuperation.

Mothers

need a powerful nourishment in food when nursing babies or they are apt to suffer from Emaciation.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, nourishes mothers speedily back to health and makes their babies fat and chubby. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Babies

are never healthy when thin. They ought to be fat. Babies cry for SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is palatable and easy to assimilate.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. Druggists sell it.

The Central Railroad of Pennsylvania.

Time Table effective February 26, 1894.

Read Up						Read Down		
			STATIONS.					
No. 4	No. 2	Dis.		Dis	No. 1	No. 3		
P. M.	A. M.	Ar.		Lv.	A. M.	P. M.		
8 15	9 45	.0	Bellefonte	27.8	7 00	*5 25		
7 58	9 33	4.2	Nigh	23.1	7 13	5 38		
7 51	9 26	7.0	Zion	20.3	7 20	5 45		
7 44	9 19	9.2	Hecla Furn.	18.1	7 26	5 51		
7 39	9 14	12.1	Hublersburg	15.2	7 33	5 58		
7 34	9 09	14.1	Snydertown	13.2	7 38	6 02		
7 32	9 07	15.2	Nittany	12.1	7 41	6 05		
7 29	9 04	16.0	Huston	11.3	7 44	6 08		
7 26	9 01	17.2	Lamar	10.1	7 47	6 11		
7 24	8 59	18.2	Clintondale	9.1	7 50	6 14		
7 19	8 54	20.3	Krider's Sid'g	7.0	7 55	6 19		
7 14	8 49	22.6	Mackeyville	4.7	8 00	6 24		
7 09	8 44	24.7	Cedar Springs	2.6	8 05	6 29		
7 07	8 42	25.2	Salona	2.1	8 07	6 31		
†7 00	†8 35	27.3	Mill Hall	.0	8 15	6 40		
P. M.	A. M.	Lv.		Ar.	A. M.	P. M.		
P. M.	A. M.	Ar.		Lv.	A. M.	P. M.		
5 06	8 28		Mill Hall		†9 59	†6 47		
4 59	7 55		Jersey Shore		10 30	7 25		
†4 00	†7 20		Williamsport		11 00	8 00		
P. M.	A. M.	Lv		Ar	A. M.	P. M.		
P. M	A. M.				Noon	P. M.		
*2 42	*9 55	Ar.	Williamsport	Lv	*12 09	*11 15		
*3 35	*11 30	Lv.	Philadelphia	Ar	8 27	7 12		
†4 00			New York, via Tamq		9 40	9 30		
	17 39		New York, via Phila,		10 55	*9 30		
A. M.	P. M.		(Foot of Liberty St.)		P	M.		

*Daily. †Daily except Sundays. 16 00 P. M. Sundays. *10 10 A. M. Sundays.

NOTE.—Philadelphia & Reading "Cannon Ball" leaves Williamsport Daily except Sundays at 3.35 p. m. arriving at Philadelphia at 10.10 p. M. Pullman Buffet Car attached to this train.

Sleeping cars run between Williamsport and Philadelphia on trains No's 2 and 3. Berth $1.50.

CONNECTIONS.

At Mill Hall with Beech Creek Railroad, at Bellefonte with Bellefonte Central Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad (Bald Eagle Valley and Lewisburg and Tyrone Branches.)

Bellefonte, Pa. J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD							WESTWARD				
							1	3	7	9	11
pm	pm	pm	am	am	Ar	Lv	am	am	pm	pm	pm
6 35		3 50		9 05	Bellefont	6 30		10 30		4 40	
6 28		3 44		8 59	Coleville	6 37		10 35		4 45	
6 25		3 41		8 56	Morris	6 43		10 38		4 48	
6 22		3 38		8 52	Whitmer	6 44		10 43		4 51	
6 19		3 35		8 49	Linns	6 47		10 46		4 54	
6 17		3 33		8 47	Hunters	6 50		10 48		4 56	
6 14		3 31		8 44	Filmore	6 53		10 52		5 00	
6 11		3 28		8 40	Sellers	6 57		10 56		5 03	
6 09		3 26		8 38	Briarly	7 00		10 58		5 05	
6 05	6 00	3 22	7 25	8 36	Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10	5 10	
6 02	5 50	3 20	8 20	8 30	Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13	5 12	
	5 46		8 17		Graysdale		7 19		5 16		
	5 43		8 12		Mattern		7 24		5 20		
	5 40		8 05		Stormstown		7 29		5 23		
	5 35		8 00		Red Bank		7 35		5 30		
5 51		3 08		8 18	Krumr'ne	7 21		11 13		5 24	
5 48		3 05		8 14	Struble	7 24		11 17		5 27	
5 45		3 00		8 10	St. College	7 30		11 20		5 30	

Train 2 connects with trains east and west on B. E. V. R. R. and S. S. branch, and train 8 connects with train east on B. E. V. R. R.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

GRATEFUL COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps provides for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by Grocers labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

A DIVIDEND PAYER.

The Gold Dollar Mining Company

OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO.

Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital Stock, 700,000 shares, par value one dollar each.

FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

150,000 Shares in Treasury.

The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.

Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.

In January, 1894, the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 2400 per annum on the amount invested.

H HOFFICER, Sec. and Treas.

A limited amount of the shares are now offered

AT 50 CENTS PER SHARE.

Stock, Prospectus and experts report may be obtained from the banking house of

H R LOUNSBERY, 57 Broadway, N. Y.

It never fails to cure—MANNERS Couble extract SARSAPARILLA. 50c. everywhere

FREE

$10.00 worth of lovely Music for Forty Cents, consisting of 100 pages full size Sheet Music of the latest, brightest, liveliest and most popular selections, both vocal and instrumental, gotten up in the most elegant manner, including four large size Portraits.

CARMENCITA, the Spanish Dancer,
PADEREWSKI, the Great Pianist,
ADELINA PATTI and
MINNIE SELIGMAN CUTTING.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

THE NEW YORK MUSICAL ECHO CO.

Broadway Theatre Bldg., New York City.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

CURES RISING BREAST

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing woman. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" had been used it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone. MRS. M. M. BRUSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

I can tell all expectant mothers if they will use a few bottles of Mother's Friend they will go through the ordeal without any pain and suffering. MRS. MAY BRANHAM, Argusville, N. D.

Used Mother's Friend before birth of my eighth child. Will never cease its praise. MRS. J. F. MOORE, Colusa, Cal.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

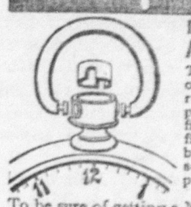
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, G

General or local Ladies or gents. Agents. $75 a week. Exclusive territory. The Rapid Dish Washer. Washes all the dishes for a family in one minute. Washes, rinses and dries them without wetting the hands. You push the button, the machine does the rest. Bright, polished dishes, and cheerful wives. No scalded fingers, no dish cloths, no mops. Cheap, durable, warrant. Circulars free. W. P. HARRISON & Co., Clerk No. 15, Columbus, O.

Going to Buy a Watch?

If so, buy one that cannot be stolen. The only thief-proof Watches are those with

Non-pull-out



BOWS.

Here's the Idea:

The bow has a groove on each end. A collar runs down inside the pendent (stem) and fits into the grooves, firmly locking the bow to the pendent, so that it cannot be pulled or twisted off.

To be sure of getting a Non-pull-out, see that the case is stamped with this trade mark. It cannot be had with any other kind.

Send a postal for a watch case opener to the famous Boss Filled Case makers.

KeystoneWatch Case Co., PHILADELPHIA.

THE NEW YORK

WEEKLY HERALD

FOR 1894

Will Be Without Question America's

LEADING FAMILY PAPER.

The reputation that the WEEKLY HERALD has enjoy for many years of being best home newspaper in the land will be materially added to during the year of 1894. No pains or expense will be spared to make it in every department the most reliable, interesting and instructive of all weekly newspaper publications.

It will be improved in many ways.

A number of new features and departments will be added. The latest development in all fields of contemporaneous human interest will be ably discussed from week to week by accomplished writers.

The News Of The World

will be given in a concise but complete form. Every important or interesting event, either at home or abroad, will be duly described in the columns of the WEEKLY HERALD.

In politics the HERALD is absolutely independent and sound. It tells the rights and wrongs of all sides without fear.

Farmers and stock raisers cannot afford to be without the WEEKLY HERALD during the coming year. It will contain a regular department each week devoted exclusively to subjects of timely interest to them and giving many valuable suggestions and new ideas.

The women and children of the land will find in the WEEKLY HERALD a welcome visitor. The household and children's pages will be both instructive and entertaining. They will abound in hints and receipts which women so much value.

A brilliant array of novels and short stories by the best writers in America and England has been secured, so that fiction will be one of the most attractive features in the WEEKLY HERALD during 1894.

In fact, the WEEKLY HERALD will be a magazine of highest order, combined with a complete newspaper.

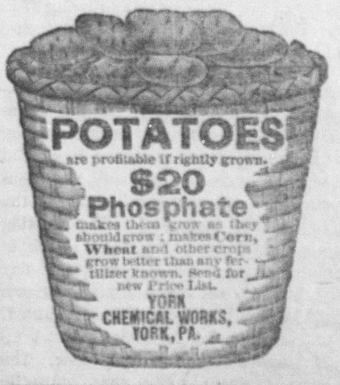
Now Is The Time To Subscribe.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

SEND FOR SAMPLE COPY.

Address,

THE WEEKLY HERALD,
HERALD SQUARE,
NEW YORK.


POTATOES
are profitable if rightly grown.
$20
Phosphate
makes them grow as they should grow; makes Corn, Wheat and other crops grow better than any fertilizer known. Send for new Price List.
YORK CHEMICAL WORKS, YORK, PA.

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAW MILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds and Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage **three times** as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power and wear.** Write for circulars and prices; furnished free upon application. Also **Spring Tooth Harrows, Hay Rakes, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Manfrs., YORK, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $5 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash EDWARD T. TUTEN.

SENATOR COLQUITT DEAD.

A Distinguished Georgian Passes Over to the Other Side.

Washington, March 26.—United States Senatar Alfred Halt Colquitt, of Georgia, died at his residence in this city this morning at 7.40 o'clock. Around the bedside when he passed away were Senator Gordon and his daughter, Mrs. Jones; Senator Colquitt's private secretary, his nephew; Mr. Bunn, his son, Mrs. Colquitt, three unmarried daughters and his daughter, Mrs. Marshal, of Chicago. As the end approached the senator's breathing came very heavy, but he relapsed into unconsciousness and suffered no pain.

Alfred Holt Colquitt, of Atlanta, was born in Walton county, Georgia, April 20, 1824. He graduated at Princeton college, New Jersey, in the class of 1844, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1845. He served as a staff officer, with the rank of major, during the Mexican war; was elected and served as a member of the Thirty-third congress, and was a member of the seccession convention of the state of Georgia at the beginning of the rebellion. He entered the confederate service as captain, and he afterward attained the rank of major general in the southern army. It 1876 he was elected governor of the state of Georgia for four years and was re-elected under a new constitution for two years; at the expiration of his term as governor he was elected to the United States senate as a democrat for a full term, commencing March 4, 1883, and was re-elected in 1888. His term of service would have expired March 3, 1895.

CRISP MAY SUCCEED HIM.

Washington, March 26.—The term of Mr. Colquitt as a senator of the United States from Georgia began March 4, 1883, and would have ended March 4, 1895, that being the close of his second term. Governor Northen will be called upon to fill the vacancy by appointment, and of course the successor to the vacancy will be a democrat. The legislature of Georgia will meet in the fall and at that time a new senator would have to be elected to fill out the vacancy and for the new term that will begin next March. The name of Speaker Crisp is mentioned as a probable candidate.

A BUSHEL OF BLACKSNAKES.

Beaver, March 26—Simpson McGuire, of Darlington township, made a startling discovery recently while blasting a big rock out of a meadow on his farm. He placed a heavy charge of giant powder on the rock and exploded it, breaking the rock into a number of pieces. When he began prying around among the fragments he found a nest of blacksnakes which had been hibernating under the rock. They were wound up into a confused mass as large as a bushel basket and were quite dormant at first. When exposed to the sun for a short time they showed signs of reviving, but Mr. McGuire and his assistant killed the whole lot, numbering 57 in all. The largest measured 6 feet 2 inches in length.

AMERICAN LABOR HARD TO GET.

Altoona, March 26.—It was the intention of Contractor Sims to resume work on the Bellwood extension of the Altoona and Logan Valley electric railroad, operations upon which was stopped because of the labor riot of last week. The walking bosses hustled about the city in search of laborers at the rate of one dollar per day each, but only about one dozen Americans could be found whereas 150 are wanted. Another effort will be made to start up with American laborers to-morrow. The contractor refuses to say what course he will pursue in regard to employing Italians provided Americans cannot be secured.

THE GAYLORD HORROR.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 26.—There are all sorts of rumors afloat to-night that more bodies have been found at the Gaylord mine in Plymouth but they are without foundation. Late last night a miner's coat was unearthed and in the pockets was found a pipe and a ball of cotton wicking. The garment was picked up on the floor of the plane close against a rib of coal and looked as if it had been placed there by one of the entombed men when he began work. It could not, as yet be identified. This indicates to the rescuers that they are getting very close to where the men were timbering on the day of the fall that crushed them to death. Where the rescuers are now at work the fall reaches to the roof and the circulation of air is cut off so complete that there is more danger of gas exploding than at any time heretofore.

ROBBERS SECURE $5.000.

Parkersburg, W. Va. March 26.—Last night about midnight robbers entered the house of Hasil D. Hall, a wealthy farmer residing at Great Bend, and demanded his money. Hall recently sold a farm and a few days since received $5,000 in cash which he kept concealed about the house. The thieves knew this, as they threatened to kill Hall if he did not deliver that amount to them. Hall said he had sent the money to the Ravenswood bank, when they tied him on a chair with ropes and then tortured him by holding a burning lamp under the palms of his hands, burning them to a crisp. Hall still refused to give up the money, when the robbers caught him by the head and forced it down over the burning lamp and burned one ear to a crisp, when Hall consented to turn over the money. Hall handed over $5,000, a gold watch and other valuables. He says he can recognize the man, who, it is believed, will be arrested soon.

He tells what he saw. Mr Chas. J Winstrand, Brisbin, Clearfield Co., Pa, writes: "My father caught a very severe cold in the mines, and he purchased a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and after using it he had no more cold."

LOST IN THE STORE.

Holland, Mich., 26.—A party of four men went fishing in two small boats yesterday morning in the awful storm that was raging. The boats have just been capsized. The boats were frail concerns and it is supposed that the occupants were all drowned, as none of them have returned to their homes. The names of the lost are: Charles Petrie, married; John McKay, single; J. S. Shafer, married; Irwin Thakes, single.

Thakes was the only support of his father and mother, Petrie and McKay were brothers-in-law, as were also Shafer and Thakes. Large numbers of persons are looking for the bodies of the unfortunate men.

NOBODY KNOWS

What I suffered for years with those terrible racking sick headaches. Life was only a torment to me; if you are so troubled, I would advise you to use Sulphur Bitters, for they cured me.—Clara Belle.

DIME NOVEL HEROES.

Stoughton, Mass., March 26.—Five boys of this town, aged 15 years, went to "Canton Cave" Sunday, and in imitation of dime-novel heroes armed themselves with guns and revolvers. While camped at the "Robbers Cave" one of the boys named George Mackintosh pointed a revolver at a companion, Henry Meyers, supposing the weapon to be empty. The revolver was discharged and the Meyers boy was shot under the eye, the bullet lodging in the head. Little hope is entertained of the boy's recovery. Young Mackintosh was arrested and placed in the lockup. He was crazed with grief at his act and attempted to take his own life.

Mr. James R. Bond
Philadelphia, Pa.

Muscular Rheumatism

Sciatica and the Piles Adds to the Sufferer's Misery

Four Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla Effects a Wonderful Cure.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen: As a result of the memorable blizzard of March, 1888, I contracted muscular rheumatism; at that time I was engaged on a job of steamfitting in Plainfield, N. J., and it was necessary for me to wade through the snow to the building, a new residence, in which we were working. For eighteen months afterwards I was laid up with muscular rheumatism and sciatica. I then joined my son-in-law in Denver, Col., where I was engaged in steamfitting and engineering, and where I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla for my rheumatism. It cured me not only of the rheumatism and sciatica, but also of outward piles, from which for thirty-three years I had suffered

A Thousand Deaths.

Previous to going to Denver I visited the University of Pennsylvania to be operated upon. The doctor pronounced my case elongation of the bowels and the worst he ever saw. He refused to perform an operation, saying that after having suffered so many years it was not worth while that I should die at that late day from the effects of the knife, and die I would if he used it.

No Man Can Conceive

what I suffered for thirty-three years. I tried all sorts of remedies and treatments, often without the slightest relief. Four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla not only relieved, but cured, both the piles and rheumatism. The

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

only trace of rheumatism which I feel now is a little stiffness when the weather changes, and as I will be 73 years old in August that is but incidental to my age. This is a simple statement of facts." James R. Bond, 269 West Norris Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

CAUSED A SENSATION.

An Attorney Charges a Prothonotary With Being Dishonest.

Scranton, Pa., March 27.—A most sensational scene was a feature of to-day's common pleas court in this county. It arose in the case of John J. Jennings against the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, growing out of the Mud Run horror when over sixty were killed. This case had already been productive of two big sensations, the late Judge Connolly having been accused of collusion with the company by council for Jennings; and a United States deputy marshal having been prosecuted for fixing a jury in a former trial of the case.

To-day Cornelius Smith, Esq, counsel for Jennings, asked Judge Archibald to prevent Acting Prothonotary Kasson from drawing the jury in the case. He charged that Mr. Kasson was unfit for the position for he had fixed the juries in former trials of this case, was friendly to the company and had been instructed to call only those jurors into the box who were known to be friendly to the company. Mr. Smith charged further that there has not been an honest jury drawn in this county in ten years. Mr. Kasson defended himself stoutly and told Mr. Smith that he defied him to prove that he had violated the law or abused his position in a single instance. Judge Archibald ignored Mr. Smith's charges to-day and Mr. Kasson drew the jury, but he will demand an apology or an investigation.

WHAT SHAKESPEARE MIGHT HAVE SAID.

To take or not to take: that is the question.
Whether 'tis better for a man to suffer
The pangs and torments of indigestion,
Or something take and, in its taking end them.

Shakespeare didn't say that, but very likely he would have said something similar, if he were living in this 19th century, when so many suffer untold agonies from indigestion. Of course he would have gone on to say that a man must be a fool to take the "something" which would put an end to the "pangs and torments" spoken of, if he could get it. Now it is a fact that weakened, impoverished blood brings on indigestion, which is the cause of dyspepsia, constipation-a poisoned condition of the whole system-and it is a fact, also, that Dr. Pierce's Golden medical Discovery will so purify the blood and enrich it that all the weakened organs are revitalized and strengthened. It is guaranteed to do this. If it doesn't, your money will be returned to you.

REGARD IT AS A JOKE.

Washington, March 26.—Washington regards the advance of Coxey's Army of Peace as a huge joke. Those who took counsel of their own timidity and feared that the band of pilgrims would swell into a gigantic mob of vagabonds and Anarchists and who conjured up a reign of terror, ing which might eventually lead to riot and bloodshed, perhaps revolution, had all their fears dispelled when they saw by the morning papers that Coxey's boasted "army" had dwindled into less than 100 men, chiefly tramps, who were willing to exchange the hard board and cold potato to which they had become inured for a membership in the "army."

Colonel A. E. Redstone, Coxey's representative in Washington, said to-day that he was not disappointed at the poor showing made by the Army of the Commonweal in its first day's march toward the national capital. "I suppose the cold, disagreeable weather was a disadvantage to the army at its start," said Mr. Redstone, "but I had a dispatch from General Coxey telling me that he had started and that everything was encouraging."

Col. Redstone's manner is less enthusiastic than it has been and he evidently does not feel as hopeful as his statements would indicate. He has reduced his estimates of those to appear here from 300,000 to 100,000.

THE BIG OFFER OF THE DISPATCH.

The great offer is made by the Pittsburgh *Dispatch* to take the sixty teachers of the public schools of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and other points in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Maryland, to Atlantic City in July, is the talk of the hour. The additional inducement that the twelve teachers of the sixty who receive the largest number of votes, will be taken on a supplementary trip to Philadelphia, New York and Boston after the Atlantic City trip is over, is indicative of the liberality which governs the Pittsburgh *Dispatch* in everything it does. Give your favorite teacher the benefit of a splendid summer outing.

THE RELLEFONTE POSTOFFICE.

Washington, March 27.—There is a change in the situation ever the Bellefonte postmastership. Ex-Gov. Curtin has withdrawn his recommendation of Mr. Dobbins, who served during Mr. Cleveland's first term, and now indorses John Noll.

Congressman Kribbs, is still pushing D. F. Fortney, and to-day Ellis Orvis, chairman of the Democratic committee of Centre county, W. C. Heinle and W. F. Reber came down to help in the fight. They will see Postmaster General Bissell in Fortney's interest to-morrow.

Since the Dark Continent, the deserts of Australia, and the frozen north have yielded up their secrets, the one part of the world that may be called terra incognita to Occidental civilization is Tibet. There have not been lacking daring attempts to traverse this wild inhospitable country, but the difficulties of travel and the fanaticism of the inhabitants constantly stand in the way. W. Woodville Rockhill wandered through portions of Tibet in the guise of a Chinese frontiersman in 1888-89, and in 1891 he started to cross the wilds of Tibet, to the west of L'hasa, in an effort to reach the Indian frontier. Although he was finally driven back by the amas, he saw much of the country and the people. He has described his adventures and pictured the peasantry in an article which will appear in the April number of *The Century*.

A MAN THERMOMETER.

Lean men make the best thermometers. Fahrenheit never invented better ones. If the weather is warm and sunny, they are cheerful. If cold and frosty, they are irritable and snappy. If damp and cloudy, they are downcast and gloomy. But if either lean or fat men are suffering from biliousness, headache, constipation, or indigestion, the weather will always be damp and cloudy in their locality, unless they use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These Pellets are small, sugar-coated granules, calculated to start the liver and digestive organs into healthy activity, and thereby raise low spirits and dispel gloom.

BURNING ACCIDENTS.

Philadelphia, March 27.—Two burning accidents occurred this evening in this city from which one young woman lost her life, an older one was almost roasted alive and another received serious injuries. The most horrible of the accidents occurred at 827 North Tenth street, where aged Mrs. Mary Berger was roasted before the eyes of her daughter, who were also badly burned. The other was at No. 4034 Eaglefield street, where Miss Ida Thornton was burned to death. Mrs. Berger, who was old and feeble, stumbled against a table and upset a lamp upon herself. The lamp exploded and wrapped her in flames, and her daughter Clara came to her assistance and her clothing was also ignited. The screams of the two women brought assistance and the flames were extinguished and they were taken to the hospital. Mrs. Berger is so badly burned that she will die, but her daughter will recover. A red hot coal dropping from the range at which she was preparing supper set fire to the dress of Miss Thornton and burned her to death.

St Nicholas is to add another serial to its attractions for the present year, which have included Mark Twain's "Tom Sawyer Abroad" and Rudyard Kipling's stories of the jungle. It is announced that the April number will contain the first chapters of a serial written and illustrated by Howard Pyle, the author of "Robin Hood" and "Men of Iron." It is called "Jack Ballister's Fortunes," and deals with life in America during the early colonial days. Through the treachery of an uncle, Jack Ballister, a sturdy English lad, and heir to a small estate, is transported to America and sold in the Virginia colony as a redemptioner, or bond-servant, for seven years. The story is a long one, and will run for more than a year.

MUCH MADE.

Money stringency is not the only cause of hard times, and it takes very little money to make a good deal of happiness, as the following shows: Mr. R. B. Kyle, Tower Hill, Appomattox County, Va., writes that he was afflicted with rheumatism for several years, and physicians gave him no relief. Finally he was rubbed all over with St. Jacobs Oil and it cured. During his illness he had spasms and was not expected to live. This points a way to many who think times hard, but who can find an easy way out of their troubles.

PHYSICIANS SAY SO.

The only way to cure salt rheum, eczema pimples, boils, blotches and ulcers is by the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. "I used numbers of so-called blood purifiers, writes Mrs Belinda Hodson, of Haverhill, N. H., without benefit, until I began to take Favorite Remedy. Although suffering from an ulcerated sore leg, a few bottles entirely cured me."

The rehabilitation of stage-folk in the esteem of mankind will be strongly shown to posterity by the literature of to-day. Our foremost poets confess themselves enthralled by the drama, and lay their tributes at the feet of its votaries. Thomas Bailey Aldrich joins the ever-increasing number with a sonnet to "Ellen Terry in "The Merchant of Venice," which will appear in the April number of *The Century*.

The hard-money men may find satisfaction in reading a paper by Monroe Smith, which will appear in the April *Century*. He calls timely attention to the fact that Goethe, in the second part of "Faust," makes the father of all evil the original creator of fiat money.

"I suffered with dyspepsia for 20 years, but Hood's Sarsaparilla has relieved me." James H. Christman, Linfield, Pa.

—Snow storms and wind made up the condition of the weather prevailing today, but the weather bureau reports a warm wave coming and nicer weather to-morrow. When it does come, it is likely we will get warm weather to stay.

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

For poverty of the blood and all other conditions resulting from constipation, go by the book on Beecham's pills. Book free, pills 25c. At drugstores; or write to B F Allen Co, 365 Canal st, New York.

Sure Cure for Sprain, Bruise or Hurt!

Use ST. JACOBS OIL

You'll Use it Always for a Like Mishap.

THE POLLARD TRIAL.

The Testimony Given at Yesterday's Hearing of the Case.

Washington, March 27.—Expert testimony to prove that Madaline Pollard made the advances which resulted in the long laison between Colonel Breckinridge and herself was the feature of the breach of promise suit to-day. A letter dated Wesleyan college, July 20, 1884, addressed to Colonel Breckinridge and signed Madeline V. Pollard, was produced by the defense, and experts who had compared it with the letters acknowledged to have been written by Miss Pollard, testified that the hand writing in the first letter was that of the person who wrote the others. When the July letter was shown Miss Pollard on Bland she pronounced it a forgery. She said she had written Colonel Breckinridge in 1884 asking his advice about the threat made by James C Rodes, but that she had not asked him to call on her. The defense claims that the letter dated July 20 was written by Miss Pollard when Colonel Breckinridge had not answered the letter she acknowledges writing. The disputed letter was not placed in evidence, but it is known that it contained an invitation to Colonel Breckinridge to call on the alleged writer at Wesleyan college, and complimenting him on his "nice face."

The only other witness was Major William G. Moore, the chief of Washington's police, who denied the statements that Miss Pollard said had been made by Colonel Breckinridge and herself in his office on two occasions in May, 1893, when Colonel Breckinridge promised to marry the plaintiff.

CROPS BADLY DAMAGED.

Wilmington, N. C., March 27.—Reports from this section concerning the effects of frost and freezes last night are very disheartening. There has been widespread disaster to truck, nearly all vegetables above ground being destroyed. A conservative farmer estimates the damage along the line of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad between Wilmington and Goldsboro, a distance of eighty-four miles, at about $100,000.

Telegrams were received today at the headquarters of the Atlantic coat line in this city from all points on their system of roads, and all are of the same tenor as to the terrible effect of the weather. An official of the coast line estimates the damage in sections traversed by roads of that system at not less than $1,000,000.

LETTER LIST

Following are the letters uncalled for in the post-office, Bellefonte, Pa., Mar. 26, 1894.

Jno Brooks, Edmund Bates, Nicholas Barnhart, Harry Clifford, Forrest D. Dram, Thos. McClellan, Matilda McDonald, F. A. McAnulty, Bessie Swartz, Nathan Stares.

When called for please say advertised

J. A. Fiedler P. M.

MORE GOLD TO BE PAID OUT.

Washington, March 27.—United States Treasurer Morgan has begun the preparation of interest checks—aggregating $5,500,000—to be sent out on March 31 in payment of the quarterly interest on government bonds. All checks in payment of interest are payable in gold, and, as seven-eighths of these checks pass through the banks, treasury officials expect, with the April interest payment, to lose considerable gold. The net gold today aggregates $106,000,000, a loss of $1,500,000 since the second issue, not taking into account the gold received from customs in the ordinary course of business. The treasury net balance to-day, which also includes the $106,000,000 of gold, is $133,000,000, a loss of $5,500,000 since March 1.

THERE is but one way in the world to be sure of having the best paint, and that is to use only a well-established brand of strictly pure white lead, pure linseed oil, and pure colors.*

The following brands are standard, "Old Dutch" process, and are always absolutely

Strictly Pure White Lead

"Armstrong & McKelvy,"
"Beymer-Bauman,"
"Davis-Chambers,"
"Fahnestock."

* If you want colored paint, tint any of the above strictly pure leads with National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.
Pittsburg Branch,
German National Bank Building, Pittsburg.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

A Milesburg correspondent writing to the Lock Haven *Express* says: Some time since a report was circulated here that Mr. John Confer, our energetic furniture dealer was about to marry Miss Ida Loveland on March 21st, which happy event did occur on the above date at Salona, Clinton county, Pa. As soon as the report was found to be correct quite a number of Mr. Confer's lady friends resolved to give the newly married couple a pleasant surprise. With such ladies to resolve is to act, and with Mrs. Wm. B. Miles at their head they commenced to prepare a grand supper for the occasion. To say that Mr. and Mrs. Confer were surprised when they arrived at their home at 7:30 o'clock p. m., would not express their feelings, to find their home full of life and mirth. The Milesburg cornet band discoursed such excellent music as they are famed for rendering, congratulations meeting them on all sides, but the crowning glory was the grand repast awaiting in the dining room. Seventy-one persons partook of the good things prepared by the ladies. Nothing was forgotten or omited, not even the calithumpian band, who made night hideous for a short time. After supper the party were treated with a few pieces of fine music by a glee club. At this point Rev. Warren, in behalf of the bride and groom, tendered their thanks for the kind reception. At eleven o'clock the party separated, feeling that they had spent a very pleasant evening, after wishing Mr. and Mrs. Confer a long, prosperous and happy married life.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Daily News has engaged the services of F. S. Dunham who will act as solicitor and collector for this paper. He will ask you to subscribe, and advertise and give us your job work. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. If you want to subscribe for or advertise in the News, strike Dunham wherever you see him.

News Pub. Co.

Pictures,

OF ALL KINDS.

Mirrors, Picture Frames

James S. Earle & Sons,
816 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILA

EDWARD K. RHOADS,

At his Yard near the Passenger Station sells only

THE BEST QUALITIES

OF

Anthracite, Bituminous & Woodland

COAL

Also, All kinds of

Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, Wood, Etc.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning, Builders' and Plasterers' Sand.

The Royal STOCK FOOD,

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs

TELEPHONE 1312.

11-6-1m

CLOTHES REPAIRED AND CLEANED.

I have opened a shop at corner of Allegheny and Howard streets, in old law office next door to residence of John P. Linn, where I am prepared to do repairing and cleaning of clothes. Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a trial.

Charles McClellan.

Clothes REPAIRED, CLEANSED AND PRESSED.—I have concluded to take up my old trade and am now prepared to do Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing of Clothes at my residence, No. 231 East Lamb street. I solicit a share of patronage and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Work gathered and delivered promptly and charges as low as can possibly be made. A postal card dropped in the mail will receive attention at once.

23 48 1f WILLIAM McCLELLAN.

REDUCTION SALE.—At the residence of the undersigned 1 mile west of Stormstown, in Halfmoon township, on Friday, March 30, 1894, two horses, 90 grade Shropshire sheep, 60 grade Shropshires and common stock Ewes, with 75 or 80 lambs at their side—imported stock. Will be sold in fifteen distinct lots. Also one 14-h. p. separator, fodder cutter, No. 3 Davis Swing churn and other articles too numerous to mention.

Joseph Waite, Auc, T. Wilson Way.

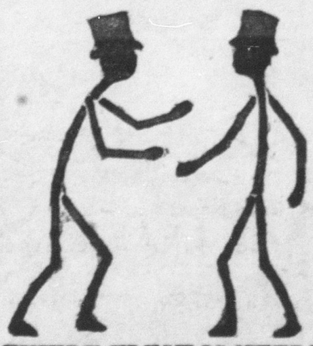
APRIL WEATHER.

Rev. Irl R. Hicks' Predictions For the Coming Month.

April will open with temperature reacting into warmer, and during 1st to 3rd, secondary storms will pass from west to east. The cool to cold weather following the last storms in March, will not give way to the reactionary change to warmer and storms in extreme eastern parts of the country until about April 2nd and 3rd, at least that much time being required for storm conditions to develop and travel from the points of their beginning in the west. It will be wise to anticipate hail with any well defined storm from this time to the end of April. Very warm days will usher in each regular storm period, and sudden cold is apt to bring up the rear of every general disturbance. From the 5th to 9th falls a storm period, with the new moon at an eclipse node on the 5th. By that date a warm wave of marked intensity will show itself in western parts—the barometer will be low and falling, and storms of rain and hail, with snow following in the north, will start on their eastward career. It will be prudent to count on general and severe disturbances from the 5th to 9th, and to expect cold with frost and light freezing as the storm area works eastward of intermediate points. In extreme east, don't expect at the beginning of the period the conditions prevailing in the west, and at before the end of the period, in the extreme west expect just the reverse of conditions existing at the beginning of the period. Intermediate sections, therefore, will get their storms and changes during central parts of the period. This law of storm movement is not yet understood by the masses as it should be, and it is the business of ignorant, or envious and mercenary critics to prevent its being understood. On and touching the 12th and 13th, thermometers and barometers will swing back to storm readings, heavy showers, with hail, thunder and wind, will strike all sections in their march to the Atlantic. The opposition of many worthy investigators be true, will add much energy and violence to all disturbances during the first half of April, and especially during the perturbations from about 11th to 14th. Very cold weather, with frosts, will succeed these disturbances.

The 17th to 21st will constitute the next regular period. The crisis of this disturbance will be reached from 18th to night of the 20th, the full moon on the 19th having a tendency to centralize disturbing forces on that date. The showery conditions, usually existing all through April, will take on new power and organize into storms of great extent and energy at this period, as well as all the dates of central disturbances. Very cool nights with frost generally, may be expected between the storms of this period and the reactionary changes and storms due centrally on the 24th and 25th. Another cool dash—severe enough to bring frost in the north—will follow storms about these dates. The month will end with a growing warm wave and with storms advancing from western extremes of the country.

Without useless foreboding and dread, we may reasonably expect tornadic storms in many places during the storm periods in April. Those who have made preparations for such visitations, and who have learned that they never come to any section without ample time and plain indications, can afford to live in quiet and at ease, so far as the tornado is concerned. They are ready to recognize the first breath of the destroying monster, and at the critical moment to step aside into a sure refuge. The times of greatest earthquake probability will be about the new moon on the 5th and the full moon on the 19th. Before the end of April the season will be well opened, with a propitious outlook for all who have their agricultural interests well in hand, and who are planning for early crops.—Word and Works.



WHERE FLESH IS NEEDED and the system is weakened, you should take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After "the Grip," for instance, or in convalescence from pneumonia, fevers, and other wasting diseases, nothing can equal it as an appetizing, restorative tonic to bring back health and vigor. For pale, puny, scrofulous children, it does wonders. It builds up both their flesh and their strength, thoroughly purifies the blood, and makes effective every natural means of cleansing, repairing, and nourishing the system.

It starts the torpid liver into healthy action and promotes all the bodily functions.

For the most stubborn Scrofulous, Skin, and Scalp Diseases, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and kindred ailments, the "Discovery" is the only remedy that's *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures Catarrh in the Head.

Leaf by leaf the roses fall;
One by one our dear ones die.
O, to keep them with us still!
Loving hearts send up the cry.
Wife and mother, O how dear,
Fading like a mist away.
Father, let us keep them here.
Tearfully to God we pray.

Many a wife and mother, who seems doomed to die because she suffers from diseases peculiar to women, which saps her life away like a vampire, and baffles the skill of the family physician, can be saved by employing the proper remedy. This remedy is Dr Pierce's Favorite prescription, the greatest boon ever conferred by man on weak, suffering despairing women. It is a specific for all phases of female weakness, no matter what their name.

GOLD FROM GEESE GIZZARDS.

Chicago Herald.]

Judge Tuthill is going to let a few friends in on a new scheme of his entitled the Idaho Wild Goose Gizzard Mining Company. It was suggested by an incident which happened while the Judge was out inspecting his prune farm along the shores of the majestic Snake river. It was away up in the corner of the new State, where every thing would grow if it would occasionally rain and not snow deeper than 60 feet in the average of 12 months, and the Judge knew those next him would expect him to bring back some easy roads to riches.

The purpose of the new company is to kill geese for their gizzards, not for pate de fois gras, but to secure the natural treasurers they contain, The Judge has proof of the value of the enterprise, all resulting from a startling and peculiar finding.

A miner who admired Judge Tuthill and who comprised the only inhabitant of the town where the Judge stopped, took down his trusty gun and from the back platform of the depot bagged a great goose. The feathers were plucked, the body dressed and then came the gizzard. It was opened and it showed its late owner had but recently dined on pure gravel. The bright, undigested stones appealed to the curiosity of the old placer and he put them through his pans. The Judge watched the process, and when the last dish was reached—presto, gold! It assayed 35 cents, and the Judge proves it by showing the bottle it is in. Headquarters of the company will be at Snake River.

Notwithstanding the enormous increase given to human strength by the mechanical powers, the lever, the pulley, the wheel and axle, etc., the removal of heavy weights is still attended by strains and sprains. There is positively nothing better for such casualties than Salvation Oil.

OBSERVE THESE SUGGESTIONS.

Persons attending Centre County Court of Quarter Sessions are requested to comply with the following suggestions: The grand jurors, when coming into the court house, should take their seats in the chairs to the right inside the Bar and remain there until their names are called, they are sworn in and receive the charge of the court. When in the grand jury room, after "finding a bill," the jury should deputize its foreman to present the same to the Court, without the whole body coming into the court room.

The traverse jurors, when coming into the court room, should take their seats in the eight front rows of seats on the left hand side of the main aisle. The witnesses for the Commonwealth should take seats in the eight front rows of seats to the right of the centre aisle, the lady witnesses seating themselves in the four front rows of seats to the extreme left of the male witnesses. Spectators should take seats in rear of traverse jurors and Commonwealth witnesses.

No persons, except attorneys, court officers and reporters are permitted inside the Bar, except on business and by permission. No talking is permitted inside the Bar, or outside, during session of the court, except by the attorneys engaged in the cause pending. All persons should promptly answer their names, in a clear voice, when called.

All persons upon entering the court room should take off their hats in honor of the temple of justice. It is unbecoming and disorderly for any person to make any expressions of approval or disapproval of anything that occurs during the trial of any cause. The standing in aisles, or the running out and in, during the session of court delays business and is not permissable. By observing these suggestions public business will be facilitated, every person will be enabled to see and hear all the proceedings of court and much cost to the county saved. All persons present should bear in mind that they are in a court of justice where mob rule has no say.

IS IT SAFE

To neglect yourself it troubled with any disease of the kidneys? No, it is dangerous; and if you are so afflicted, attend to yourself now. Do not wait, but use Sulphur Bitters at once. They cured me when, I was given up to die by several physicians. —JONATHAN HAM, Boston.

—A very simple but little known method of keeping ice is to draw a piece of thick flannel tightly over some deep vessel, like a bowl for instance, and fasten it there. The ice is placed on top of the drumhead and covered loosely by another piece of flannel. In this condition the ice keeps cold and even freezes to the flannel. Thus a small piece of ice can be kept near the patient all night, so as to avert many weary marches up and down stairs to the refrigerator.

THE NITTANY VALLEY EAGLES.

Came to Bellefonte Tuesday Evening on a Fraternal Visit.

On Tuesday evening at half past six o'clock a special train over the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania brought to Bellefonte Pleasant Valley Castle, No. 301, of Mill Hall, and Lamar Castle, of Lamar, K. of G. E., about seventy-five strong, who came here to pay a fraternal visit to Bellefonte Castle, No. 357. The castle from Mill Hall was accompanied by the Axe Maker's Cornet band of that place, which, by the way, is a very fine musical organization. At the depot on Lamb street the visitors were met by the Bellefonte Castle and under their escort marched up Lamb to Allegheny street, and thence paraded the principal streets to the home Castle's lodge room in the McClain block, where they dispersed.

At 7.30 o'clock the lodge room was well filled with Sir Knights, their ladies and visitors, the session being a public one. The Messrs. Culveyhouse, on the organ and cornet, and Prof. Spankenberg, on the violin, furnished music for the occasion. Noble Chief I. N. Gibson, sat on the throne and opened the session in usual form. After the regular inspection of officers Chief Gibson announced the session open for the transaction of business. C. M. Bower, Esq., arose and made a brief address of welcome to the visiting Eagles, which was fittingly responded to by Mr. Thomas Ickoff, on behalf of Pleasant Valley Castle. At the conclusion of Mr. Ickoff's remarks, Noble Chief Gibson introduced the State Grand Chief, Mr. F. A. Harris, of Tyrone.

Mr. Harris made quite a lengthy address in which he told of the age and growth of the order, its purposes, etc. His address was replete with stories and sayings which drew forth much laughter and applause.

Several other addresses were made, at the conclusion of which the session was closed in the usual form and the visitors, as well as all others present, were then served with hot coffee and sandwiches. It was about eleven o'clock when the visiting Knights boarded the special train in waiting and started on the return journey home, much pleased with the entertainment they had received while here and leaving a warm invitation behind to the Bellefonte Eagles to vist Mill Hall in the near future.

HASTINGS CAMPAIGN SONG.

BY JAMES R. HUGHES.

[Air "Monte Carlo."]

Election time has come again,
And we want you all to know
General Hastings is *the* man,
For the people have said so.
He will captain us to victory,
The Democrats can't say no,
For their record on the Tariff isn't good,
For their record on the Tariff isn't good.

Chorus.

Oh, Hastings is the favorite
In all the Keystone State,
Who aided stricken Johnstown
In her awful, cruel fate.
He's the "Gov." for ninety-four,
We have told you that before,
For he represents Protection,
Safe and Sound.

The President, Hawaii
And Carlisle, the people say,
Are enough to turn the hair
Of every voter snowy gray.
The shops are now closed down
And there's poverty all around,
For the Wilson bill cannot be changed today,
For the Wilson bill cannot be changed today.

Chorus:—

And, as we walk along the street,
Nearly everyone we see,
Has a thoroughly disgusted look
For idle Democracy.
And they seem in words to say,
"Oh, hasten on the day
To vote for General Dan for Governor,
To vote for General Dan for Governor."

Chorus:—

The Democrats are on the run
And don't know how to stop,
Like the man with a cork leg
That was always on a hop.
And we'll keep them on that run
Until the victory's won,
For Gen. Dan will drive them "out of sight."
For Gen. Dan will drive them "out of sight."

Chorus:—

So as the no work days go by,
We shall strive with might and main.
And just you mark our words,
There will surely be a rain
Of good old Tariff votes,
That will choke the free trade throats
And give prosperity o'er the land again,
And give prosperity o'er the land again.

Chorus:—

The Democrats, Republicans,
And every party man,
Will march along together
In support of General Dan.
Party lines will not be tight,
There will not be any fight
Against the citizen, soldier, statesman, Dan,
Against the citizen, soldier, statesman, Dan.

Chorus:—

AN Arcola, Ill., girl, Miss Bunch, ran for superintendent of schools and got there with both feet. She stood at the polls with several bushel baskets of roses, pinned a boutonniere on each voter and pinned the voter. The whisky interest couldn't liquor.

—Quarterly communion services will be held in the Presbyterian church next Sunday, and preparatory services will be held on Saturday.

MUSIC

DO YOU PLAY? DO YOU SING?

400 PIECES Instrumental and Vocal. Latest and Best. Full sheet size. Regular Prices, 40c. to $1.00. Your pick of the lot for only 10 CTS. a piece, if you take five pieces or more. Call on

MRS. C. L. GATES, 127 E. Lamb St.

JUMPING FROM A TRAIN.

A Locomotive Engineer Relates Some Exciting Experiences.

"Did you ever jump from your cab while the train was going at full speed?" asked a Detroit Free Press reporter of a locomotive engineer the other day.

"Yes, three or four times," he answered.

"What's the sensation?"

"That's according to how you land. One night three years ago the train dispatcher got two of us headed for each other on a single track at a gait of 40 miles an hour. The first thing I saw was a headlight of the other locomotive rounding a curve 30 rods away. I shut 'er off, threw over the lever and set the airbrakes and then made a jump. I'd no time to pick for a spot, and as I jumped I realized that I'd have a bad time of it, as I knew every foot of the ground. It was on a level covered with a thistle patch.

"There was a strip of them 40 rods long growing up like cornstalks. I expect they broke my fall somewhat, but I don't know that I ever hit the ground until I fetched up for good. It seemed to me that I just swept through that patch about knee high from the ground, and when there were no more thistles to knock down I landed 'kerchug!' against an old stump and uprooted it. I broke a leg and an arm, but that wasn't the worst of it. The doctor estimated the number of thistle points sticking into my body at 1,000,000,000. My wife and I have been picking 'em out ever since they got me home, and we've only finished one side of me."

"Landing in a mud puddle would be a soft thing," I suggested.

"I've been there," he replied, with a fleeting smile. "While I was running freight they built a side track to a gravel pit at a certain point. In excavating at the main line they dug a hole about 20 feet long by 10 wide and 4 deep. As a rule, this hole was always full of water, and as it was on my side of the engine and always came under my eye I got to thinking what a snap I'd have if I had to make a jump right there."

"But you never had to?"

"Didn't I? There was a little station, just a mile above this hole, and it was a sharp up grade. One day, while we were humping along to make the station, a dozen cars broke loose from a freight side tracking at that station, and down they came like so many roaring lions after their prey. By the time I had whistled for brakes and reversed my engine, it was time to jump and, bless my soul! if I wasn't just where I wanted to be—right at the pond. I waited to pass the mile post, and then shut my eyes and took a header, feeling sorry at the same instant for my fireman, who'd got to jump among the stumps. Well, I struck."

"In the water?" I asked as he paused and worked a finger in his ear.

"Oh, no! There had been a long spell of hot, dry weather, and every pint of water had evaporated out of that pond. The mud was left behind though. There was three feet of it waiting to catch some sucker, and it caught me. I went head first to the bottom. Then I rolled over and floundered around for five minutes and could never have pulled myself out unassisted. I didn't break any bones, but—ugh!"

"What?"

"Mud! I took 27 baths before I got down so I could see my hide, and it was hours before mud quit washing out of my ears, eyes, nose and mouth. I tasted mud. I felt mud crawling up and down my back. I snuffed mud. I found mud in my pockets and combed it out of my hair until I got tired and let the balance go. I'm running on the road yet, but I'm not spotting off any mud holes to land in. On the contrary, if things turn out as I have figured, my next jump will be into a patch of blackberry bushes, with an old dead tree in the center, and I confidently expect to mow down everything in my path."

A Fallen Sister.

In an Episcopal boarding school a few years ago the scholars and teachers were assembled for morning prayer. The reading and singing were over, and all were resuming their seats when one of the young ladies, of a very short and thick stature, missing her chair, seated herself with a thud on the floor. Nobody smiled. All were too decorous for that. The fallen one, embarrassed into the momentary loss of common sense, retained her lowly seat, opened her prayer book and appeared to be earnestly engaged in examining its contents.

This was almost too much for her companions, and a smile began to struggle on many a fair countenance when the rector arose and began reading the first morning lesson. He read from the fifth chapter of Amos as follows: "The virgin of Israel has fallen. She shall no more rise. She is forsaken upon her land. There is none to raise her up." This was too much. The voice of the rector trembled as he looked up and saw the fallen virgin. The scholars turned red in their faces, and the exercises were brought to a hasty close.—Sunday School Visitor.

The Judge's Excuse.

Judge Lowry of North Carolina was a most learned judge, who while a practitioner at the bar unexpectedly lost a case for a client who was a justice of the peace, and in his own opinion a very learned one. The judge was at a loss how to explain the cause satisfactorily to him when they met, but he did it as follows: "Squire, I could not explain it exactly to an ordinary man, but to an intelligent man like you, who are so well posted in law and law phrases, I need only say that the judge said that the case was coram non judice." "Ah," said the client, looking very wise and drawing a long breath, "if things had got into that fix, Mr. Lowry, I think we did very well to get out of it as easy we did!"—Argonaut.

Buried Gold.

A ton of gold is annually buried in the cemeteries of the United States. A law for the filling and plugging and plating of teeth with silver bullion would come right handy in this emergency. If this use of gold for repairing of teeth goes on many thousands of years, it is easy to see that the entire stock on hand will be exhausted, and that our remote posterity will be compelled in self defense to resort to placer mining in the old cemeteries in order to recover the precious metal that has been wasted by their ancestors.—Reno (Nev.) Journal.

He Had Been There.

A lady well known in Washington as a lobbyist always accosts a stranger with, "I think I have seen you somewhere," which often leads to a clew for her finding out the history of the party. One evening she played off her usual game on a gentleman that understood her character, and who replied, "Most likely, madam, for I sometimes go there."—New York Ledger.

Cause and Effect.

"Love," said the lecturer, "is a psychic manifestation."

"Yes," murmured a young man in the audience, "I do the sighing, and her folks do the kicking."—Indianapolis Journal.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Crushed Coke, Coal, Stove Wood.

Crushed coke—We crush and prepare Chestnut, Stove and Egg sizes for use in Cook Stoves and Heaters, as well as a most excellent fuel for heating School Houses and Churches. No smoke, no clinkers. It is the best and cheapest fuel now in use.

Coal—Anthracite—Pea, Chestnut, Stove, Egg and Furnace Coal. Snow Shoe Coal, run of the mines and screened lump; Black Block Nut and Woodland Coal.

Stove Wood—Stove Wood sawed and split to suit buyers. We invite patronage and spare no efforts to furnish Coal for the full value we receive for it. All orders will receive prompt attention.

McCALMONT & CO., Bellefonte, Pa.

Iron City College.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

24,000 Graduates. A High Class Commercial School.

This Institution has placed more young men and women in lucrative positions than any other Commercial School in the country.
Send for our new Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. Address
CHAS. J. SMITH, PRIN.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

AT THE EUREKA!

New Goods, Prices to suit the Times. Nothing old and nothing dear. Everything fresh for the New Year.

Call and see for yourselves
Always glad to welcome you.
EUREKA GROCERY CO.,
High St., Bellefonte,
Next door to the Postoffice.

M P TUTEN.

IS NOT WILLING.

The State's Attorney Don't Want to Take Part in the Investigation of Prendergast's Mental Condition.

Chicago, March 23.—The state's attorney will not be a willing party to the investigation of Prendergast's present mental condition, which begins to-morrow before Judge Chetlain, but will be ready with medical testimony to prove that the condemned murderer is as sane as he ever was. It is not expected that much time will be occupied in getting a jury. The suggestion was made by the attorneys for Prendergast to-day that the jury be composed entirely of physicians, but the state's attorney has not given his consent. He maintains that Judge Chetlain had no authority to interfere with the execution and in so doing changed the governor's writ. On the other hand, the opinions of eminent lawyers of this city is almost unanimous that Judge Chetlain only obeyed a mandatory law and did what was right when there was not reasonable time to try the sanity of the assassin before the hour of his execution arrived. In case the jury finds the murderer of sound mind, however, it is argued, by the friends of the defense and lawyers, well versed in criminal jurisprudence that there may be complications in the way of execution of the sentence. It is not probable, in that event, that Prendergast's lawyers will go into another court, and denying the power of Judge Chetlain to order a stay of execution, apply for a writ of habeas corpus because the original time set for the execution had passed. If Prendergast should be released on that technicality Sheriff Gilbert would be responsible to the law for the miscarriage of justice. It is on account of this legal aspect of the case that the state's attorney protested against last night's proceedings.

Many people believe that Prendergast will never be hanged now.

The reprieved assassin was removed from his cell in murderers' row on the second tier to one of the fourth tiers during the execution of Higgins so that he could not hear the falling of the trap.

The other prisoners, who were nearer the corridor of death, heard the crash, however, and bedlam prevailed for a few minutes. High above the discordant shouting and screeching could be heard the cry: "Hang Prendergast!" The same demonstration was heard when Painter was sent into eternity. The assassin did not appear to notice the cry for justice.

BANKER MUCH ALARMED.

New York, March 23.—Some of our great bankers are so much excited by the fear that Mr. Cleveland will permit the new Bland seigniorage bill to become a law that they scarce dare trust themselves to speak. One of them being asked for some information hesitated a moment, then his chin quivered, his lips trembled and every indication of angel was manifested, until at last, controlling himself, he said:

"I don't dare trust myself to speak about this matter. We are too greatly alarmed now at the delay. We have felt as though Mr. Cleveland should before this have acted upon the bill, and while we are not convinced that he will not sign it, yet every hour makes us more apprehensive. When I think of the consequences possible, as the result of such legislation, I feel that I am only safe when I hold my lips together."

Yet this man has been esteemed one of the coolest-headed of our bankers and in the trying emergencies of last summer his courage and calmness were the most valuable influences to stem the spread of the panic.

A GIGANTIC FAKE.

Canton, O., March 22.—Coxey's "commonwealth army," which he proposes to lead from Massillon on Easter Sunday is one of the biggest "fakes" ever perpetrated on the public. Metropolitan newspaper are now sending their best men here and to Massillon to follow up the "army" and send in reports. They will find out that Coxey's "army" will consist of less than 30 people.

Coxey and Carl Browne call the newspapers men together every day and read them a half bushel or so of mail from people who certainly think Coxey a crank.

Most of the newspaper men sent here are disgusted with their assignment and say they have often been sent on wild goose chases, but that this leads them all.

Coxey and Browne are after newspaper notoriety and are getting it. They likely will start on the trip, and by newspaper puffing will draw large crowds at all their stopping places to hear their silly speeches. The "army" will consist mostly of newspaper men.

AFTER THE LYNCHERS.

Harrisburg Pa., March 22.—Gov. Pattison and Attorney-General Hensel are the instigators of the investigation being made by the district-attorney of Monroe county into the recent lynching of Richard Puryear at Stroudsburg. The state officers have been in communication with the county authorities ever since the occurrence, and in one of his letters to the district-attorney Mr. Hensel plainly stated if that official did not attempt to apprehend the lynchers and prosecute them he would take the matter in charge and pursue a diligent investigation. This had the desired effect, and within the past three days letters have been received at the attorney-general's department from the district-attorney promising everything possible would be done to bring to justice the lynchers.

The governor, it is alleged, blames the county authorities for not moving more promptly. In the sake of the good name of the commonwealth he has expressed a desire to see all connected with the lynching punished.

THE MARCH ON WASHINGTON.

The authorities of El Paso, Tex., showed a just sense of the nature and danger of an army of unemployed crossing the country to Washington by arresting its general and halting the army at the State line. Perhaps on second thoughts they will think better of it and conclude that, on the whole, it is cheaper to feed these men and pass them on than to have them confined right on the border of the town. The Mayor of Tucson, Ariz., reports that the army arrived there 900 strong. It was well behaved and orderly, and after fed and provided with extra rations passed on. This is to its credit; but what would have happened if the people of Tucson had ventured to refuse to feed and stock with provisions this army of invaders?

It is impossible to disguise the fact that Generals Fry's and Coxey's armies, which have started or propose to start on a wild goose chase to Washington, contemplate living on the country as they go along, just as Sherman's army lived on the people of Georgia on its way to the sea. Probably private property will be respected when the municipalities contribute handsomely, but organized bands several hundred strong, marching across the country and making requisitions for food as they go along, are something entirely new in a civilized country. It is an extension of the tramp evil to an enormous development. If the unemployed can obtain a livelihood by roaming across the country in menacing bands and obtaining supplies of food in consideration simply of moving on, there will soon be a large proportion of them who will prefer this way of getting a living to returning to puddling, weaving or shoveling dirt.

If the various bands of Coxey's army succeed in reaching Washington, what then? Who is going to feed so great a multitude, and if they are not fed will they consent to go hungry? We think not. The whole scheme is most mischievous and dangerous in its possibilities, while the pretext for assembling a great mob at the national capital is without substance or sense. The crank is at large, and his present hobby is to set in motion a force the consequences of which he cannot foresee. It is enough for him that it gives him some notoriety and a vent for his surplus activity. It is an insane crusade that cannot do good and is most likely to cause much evil, disappointment and suffering.

NEEDED MONEY BADLY.

San Francisco, Cal., March 23.—Shortly after the branch of the San Francisco Savings Union was opened at 9 o'clock this morning an unknown man entered the place and without warning fired three shots from a revolver at Wilham A. Herrick, assistant cashier. All of the bullets took effect and Herrick fell dead to the floor. The assassin then walked outside, fired another shot at his victim through a window and made his escape.

As the murderer fled C. S. Melven, a book keeper, snatched a pistol and fired twice at him but without effect. A crowd of citizens followed him and attempted his cawture, but this was not effected until several policemen had joined the pursuers one of whom shot the musderer. He is not believed to be seriously wounded. His name is Frederick Bonneman, and he states his crime was due to his desperate circumstances.

WILL RESULT IN MURDER.

Wilkesparre, Pa., March 23—Michael Bohreck, who was shot and fatally injured at Midvale last night by John Shandow, is still alive to-night at the city hospital. He was visited to-day by Father Fouch, of the Russian Greek church, to whom he gave full details of the quarrel he he had been involved in. Further than this nothing could be obtained from the injured man, who is slawly sinking.

Shadow, who occupies a cell in murderer's raw in the county prison, was seen to-night. He was lying on his cot and appeared to be very despondent. He refuses to talk to anyone.

Mrs Philip Hendershot, whose 2-year-old son was killed in her arms during the quarrel has become frantic with grief and is almost a maniac to-day. She refuses to be comforted in any way and the sight to behold at her home is one of the saddest on record in this county.

ANOTHER GAYLORD VICTIM.

Wilkes-Barre, March 23.—The rescuers at the ill fated Gaylord mines brought another body to the surface this morning in a rough box. It was identified as that of James Kingdon, who met his fate like his companions. He had evidently been running down the plane when the crash came and buried him under eighteen feet of coal and rock. He laid face downward when discovered, and his body was ground to a pulp, every bone in it being broken. The remains were badly decomposed and identified only by a pair of felt boots, such as none of the other victims were used to wearing.

His funeral took place this afternoon from his residence. Rev. J. A. Hague officiated. The body was interred in the Nanticoke cemetery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TREATY WITH CHINA.

It Is Now Before the Senate Foreign Committee and May Be Reported Favorably.

Washington, March 22.—A treaty negotiated by the new Chinese minister and Secretary Gresham was sent to the senate some time ago and referred to the foreign committee, where it has been very fully considered. It is said it does not meet with the approval of some of the members of the committee, but is understood that this opposition, while considerable, has not been sufficient to prevent its being reported favorably, though possibly with some amendments.

The treaty, it is said, supercedes the Scott exclusion act and renders nugatory in many particulars the Geary law. Although it may receive the favorable consideration of a majority of the committee, it will have a stormy time in the senate. The Pacific coast and western senators are fighting it, and they have support from eastern senators who have always opposed Chinese immigration and supported the exclusion laws.

The new treaty, it is understood, runs for twenty years, and if, at the expiration of the twenty years, neither government shall give notice to the other of its intention to terminate it, then it is to remain in force twenty years longer. During the life of the treaty Chinese are prohibited from entering this country except upon conditions. Provision is made for the return of any Chinaman who has a lawful wife, child or parents in the United States or property or debts due him to the amount of $1,000. In order to secure the benefits of this provision, the Chinaman must leave with an officer of the United States a description of his family or property and add a certificate. He must return within one year, which may be extended another year in case of sickness or other causes beyond his control.

The existing treaty provisions for the privileges of travel and sojourn in the United States of Chinese officials, teachers, students and travellers of curiosity, as well as the right of transit of Chinese officials through the United States, are preserved.

In return for concessions granted by this country to better protect the Chinese people and to lessen the hardships, which it is claimed they suffer by reason of the Geary law, the Chinese government is to take greater precautions to prevent the coming of Chinese laborers to this country. The right of citizenship is not asked nor guaranteed.

ASSAULTED THE SUPERINTENDENT.

Huntingdon, March 22.—It appears to be no secret that exhibitions of insubordination among prisoners at the State Industrial reformatory are violations of very frequent occurrence. But it remained until yesterday for one of the unruly prisoners to humiliate General Superintendent T. B. Patton, the highest official in the institution.

One Aiken, a Philadelphia thug, sought to revenge an alleged wrong done him by attacking a fellow prisoner while in line of march. A guard interfered with Aiken's programme, and during the difficulty Mr. Patton put in an appearance. The latter at once escorted Aiken to "solitary," but while walking through one of the corridors the prisoner, with clenched fist, struck the superintendent a blow on the head. Even when in "solitary," and when asked a civil question by another official, Aiken spit in the officers face.

It is reported that more insubordination was again displayed in the brush factory to-day, but to what extent could not be ascertained. In the matter of profanity some of the prisoners are said to be without equals.

A NOVEL ELECTION FRAUD.

New Castle, March 32.—Little Beaver township citizens have a sensation in the way of a novel election fraud, which has just come to light. At the February election the contest for road supervisors and school directors was very warm. They were two to elect in each case and when the ballots were counted S. L. Riddle and R. F. Marshall had a majority of votes for supervisor and Albert McCorvin and R. J. Miller for school directors.

It has now been discovered that stickers bearing their names, to the exclusion of other candidates, were pasted over the names of offices and candidates on the sample Baker ballot. These stickers were ruled exactly similar to the Baker ballots and could be detected only by a close examination. "Roasters" led voters to believe that the only candidates in the field were the ones whose names appeared on the "doctered" sample ballots. They were told the others had withdrawn, and in this way the men named above were elected. Citizens of the township have petitioned court to make a complete Investigation.

NINE MONTHS IN PRISON.

Brooklyn, March 22.—When Justice of the Peace Richard V. B. Newton was called into the Court of Oyer and Terminer this morning, to plead to indictments charging him with neglect of duty in failing to redistrict the town of Gravesend, there was no response. Lawyer Shepard, however, said Newton would be there in a short time.

Justice William J. Gladdings and J. J. Stryker pleaded not guilty to similar indictments. Justice Kenneth F. Sutherland's name was also called on the same indictment. Later Newton appeared in court, pleaded and was sentenced to nine months and fined $500.

TORTURED TO DEATH

Johnstown, March 22.—One of the most atrocious crimes ever committed in Johnstown, has come to light. The police, for reasons not apparent, have made every effort to suppress the facts, probably in the hope of capturing the guilty parties. The crime was committed early last Wednesday morning and the victim was Mrs. Barclay Hoy, a widow over 80 years of age. The old lady lives in what is known here as an Oklahoma house, one of the small structures erected for temporary purposes, just after the flood. The belief has generally existed that she was miserly in her nature and that she had concealed about the premises a considerable sum of money.

It was for this that four masked men broke into her house about 2 o'clock Wednesday morning. In their determination to compel her to show the hiding place of her supposed fortune the masked demons strung her up by a rope and strangled her until she was almost insensible. Then they burned her feet, ripped the clothing from her body, examined every seam in her garments which they tore to threads and subjected her to all the indignities and brutalities in the calendar of crimes.

The would-be robbers finally secured seventy cents as a reward for their hellishness. They left the old lady lying at the point of death, the flesh on her feet being burned almost to the bone. The police are denounced for suppressing the crime.

IN OTHER COUNTIES.

From June 1 to December 31, 1893, there were 253 births and 114 deaths in Juniata county.

The Lutheran church at Saltsburg, Indiana county, was damaged by fire a few days ago to the extent of $150. It is insured.

On March 17 Mrs. Rachel Stover, an aged resident of Cassville, Huntingdon county, died at her home. She was 85 years of age and leaves six children.

An ordinance has been passed by the town council of Newport, Perry county, to change any new merchants coming to town and starting a store for a short time a license at the rate of $25 per month.

Hon. A. C. Hopkins offers to give the Odd Fellows of Falls Creek, Clearfield county, a lot in that town and loan them $3,000 for a year to erect a building on it.

Recently William M. Moretz, of Howe township, Perry county, fell from his wagon and the hind wheel passing over him, three of his ribs were broken away from the spinal column.

RAN INTO AN OPEN SWITCH.

Newport, Perry County, Pa., March 22.—This morning a train going west over the Newport and Sherman's Valley railroad ran into an open switch at Sylvan Station, wrecking the engine. John H. Gable, the engineer and James Stair, fireman, both jumped before the engine left the track. Mr. Gable escaped injuries, but Stair received a fractured skull and other injuries from which he died shortly after being brought to his home in Newport. None of the other trainmen or the passengers were hurt.

The trackmen, who were making repairs, left the switch open by mistake. This is the first fatal accident that has occurred on the road in a period of three years.

A BLIZZARD RAGING.

Omaha, March 22.—Reports from Wyoming, South Dakota and Nebraska indicate a tremendous fall of snow, blocking railroad cuts and delaying railroad traffic everywhere. At Speerfish, South Dakota, the thermometer is twelve degrees above zero, with colder weather in prospect. The Union Pacific is in very good condition, but the Burlington is badly hampered. West of Pine Bluffs there is six feet of snow.

A GENERAL TIE UP.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 22.—All the railroad traffic is suspended by the blizzard, which has raged for thirty-six hours. No trains over the Union Pacific or Burlington have come in from the east. The stockmen fear heavy losses, especially in Northern Wyoming.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

COWBOY EVANGELIST.

Scranton, March 23.—John R. Rice, the cowboy evangelist, had a sensational hearing before Mayor Connell this afternoon for obstructing the public highways with his meetings. He was a remarkable prisoner, telling the Mayor he feared no laws but those of God and no police force was large enough to scare him. He grew so animated that he threatened to "smash" the city's chief executive, and the Mayor responded in kind words, saying that if he tried to do this that he would be laid up for repairs. Rice was fined $15, but as he had no money he was sent to jail for twenty days. His wife went to jail with him. An attorney is hustling to secure his discharge.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Will CURE the worst case of Colic, Flux and Dysentery, or allay internal pain. To keep it with you will often save a doctor's bill. It is good for change of water. When *sweetened*, children like it. Tastes good, smells good, and leaves no bad odor when rubbed on. Sold everywhere. **No Relief, No Pay.** Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Keep it in the house for a time of need. **HERB MEDICINE CO., Springfield, Ohio.**
"Fact and Fun" an illustrated humorous publication mailed *free* to any address.

WILL NOT HANG TO-DAY.

A Judge Steps in and the Assassin of Carter Harrison May Escape the Gallows for All Time.

Chicago, March 22.—The federal judges to-day denied the writ to Prendergast. An exception to the decision was taken by the defendant's attorney, whereby they reserve the right to apply to the United States supreme court. Until a respite is secured from the governor, this will be unavailing. The only chance for the escape of the assassin is now in the hands of the governor. When Court Appeal Judge Jenkins, Woods and Baker were on the bench, they announced that the petition of Prendergast's attorney for a writ of habeas corpus was refused. The reason given was that the application disclosed only the same grounds for relief that had been presented to the Illinois supreme court.

Judge Baker, of the state circuit court, to whom application was made, consented to hear a trial of Prendergast for insanity and began this afternoon.

Judge Baker's action, it was said, means a suspension of the execution pending a verdict, and if the verdict is that the prisoner is insane, the result is to postpone the execution indefinitely.

Prendergast was exercising in the jail when news of the latest move in his behalf was sent to him. "Another surprise," was his only comment.

All arrangements were completed this afternoon for a double execution tomorrow —Prendergast and "Buff" Higgins.

The possibility of escaping from the scaffold to a term in prison had a more cheering effect on Prendergast. "I still have hope," said he, "and am going to keep on hoping."

SUNK BY AN ICEBERG.

New York, March 23.—The belief that the steamer Apollo, of the Wilson line, which left this port February 11 for Antwerp, is lost has been strengthened by the statement made by Capt. O'Hagan, of the steamer British King. The latter vessel arrived yesterday from Marseilles. Capt. O'Hagan stated that he selected the southerly course because of the great fields of ice encountered by other vessels. On the route he passed the Azore islands, where it was thought the Apollo might have tied up. This was the only hope entertained by those interested in the missing vessel, and the captain said he saw nothing of it there.

It is now believed the Apollo struck one of the immense icebergs which have been so numerous of late along the regular route, and is either in the bottom of the sea or wedged in helplessly by great mountains of ice. It was not long after the departure of the Apollo that the first of these stories was brought to this side, and immediately following came others to corroborate it.

—The other day a mail train on the Pennsylvania Railroad from New York carried the largest mail that has ever passed through Pittsburg on any single train. There were seven cars of mail matter, aggregating over eighty tons. Sixty truckloads of it were transferred to the Panhandle and went on west, while the remainder went over the Fort Wayne.

MIGHT TRY IT.

An exchange says you can have lilacs for Easter if you will cut a big branch from a lilac tree, and put it in a deep vase or jar of water and keep in a warm place in your house, giving it plenty of light and sun. The blossoms will begin to show in two days.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

S.S.S. ERADICATES BLOOD POISON AND BLOOD TAINT.

Several bottles of Swift's Specific (S.S.S.) entirely cleansed my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type.
Wm. S. Loomis, Shreveport, La.

S.S.S. CURES SCROFULA EVEN IN ITS WORST FORMS.

I had scrofula in 1884, and cleansed my system entirely from it by taking seven bottles of S. S. S. I have not had any symptoms since. C. W. Wilcox, Spartanburg, S. C.

S.S.S. HAS CURED HUNDREDS OF CASES OF SKIN CANCER.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail, Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

THE MIDVALE TRAGEDY.

Wilkes-Barre, March 23.—Michael Bohrock, who was shot and fatally injured at Midvale last night at the City Hospital. He was visited to-day by Father Foch, of the Russian Greek church to whom he gave full details of the quarrel he had been involved in. Further than this nothing could be obtained from the injured man, who is slowly sinking.

Shadow, who occupies a cell in murderer's row in the county prison, was seen to-night. He was lying on his cot and appeared to be very despondent. He refuses to talk to any one.

Mrs. Philip Hendershot, whose two years old son was killed in her arm during the quarrel, has became frantic with grief and is almost a maniac to day. She refuses to be comforted in any way and the sight to behold at her home is one of the saddest on record in the county.

Mr. L. T. Eddy sang in the choir in the Presbyterian church on Sunday. Miss May Lundy and Mrs. J. C. Meyer sang beautiful solos, while the song service throughout was of the most beautiful.

On the afternoon of the 17th inst., the barn of John W. Showers, of the Sandy Hill district, Perry county, was burned together with the wheat, hay and oats which was in it. The building was insured.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all remedies fail. Ills. book and proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 653 Bdw., N. Y. 14-4t

CHATTERBOX.

THE KING OF JUVENILES. No book has ever been made for young people which compares in value, or has had one-tenth the sale of this great annual. Millions of copies have been sold. The new volume for 1894—4 is just ready, and has over 200 large and entirely new pictures, several new stories, each a book in itself, and hundreds of short stories, anecdote, etc. The best Xmas present possible for boys and girls of all ages. Order from your bookseller or of us.
D. LOTHROP & LAURIAT, PUBLISHERS BOSTON

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY
Entirely New. Abreast of the Times. A Grand Educator.

Successor of the "Unabridged."

Ten years spent in revision; 100 editors employed; and more than $300,000 expended.

Everybody should own this Dictionary. It answers all questions concerning the history, spelling, pronunciation, and meaning of words.

A Library in Itself. It also gives the often desired information concerning eminent persons; facts concerning the countries, cities, towns, and natural features of the globe; particulars concerning noted fictitious persons and places; translation of foreign quotations, words, and proverbs; etc., etc., etc.

This Work is Invaluable in the household, and to the teacher, scholar, professional man, and self-educator.

Sold by All Booksellers.
G. & C. Merriam Co. Publishers, Springfield, Mass.
Do not buy cheap photographic reprints of ancient editions.
Send for free prospectus.
WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

VITALIS
PHOTOGRAPHED FROM LIFE.

Made a Well Man of Me.
1st Day. VITALIS 10th Day. 20th Day. 30th Day.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
Produces the Above Results in 30 Days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excess and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address CALUMET REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

$50. TO $150. A MONTH made by our AGENTS for a grand new book,
HISTORY OF THE WORLD
From the Creation of Man to the present day. Including a comprehensive HISTORY OF AMERICA. Containing nearly 1,100 pages, and over 700 illustrations, from drawings by the best artists. The most valuable work of its kind ever published in one volume. Containing all important facts, with better illustrations than the $25. to $150. works. Next in importance to the Bible and Dictionary. Needed in every home. We want a few intelligent, wide-awake men or women in each county to secure orders. No experience nor capital required, only brains and push. We pay well, give exclusive territory, pay freight or express charges, and furnish books on 30 days' credit. A splendid opportunity for teachers, students, ministers, ladies, or any one out of employment. Spare time can be profitably used. Write us and we will give you further particulars.
P. W. ZIEGLER & CO. (Box 1700), Philadelphia, Pa.

IVORY

IVORY

SOAP

99 44/100% PURE

NO IRRITATION.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

5 TO 20 DOLLARS PER DAY Easily Made.

We want many men, women, boys, and girls to work for us a few hours daily, right in and around their own homes. The business is easy, pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered agents. You have a clear field and no competition. Experience and special ability unnecessary. No capital required. We equip you with everything that you need, treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Women do as well as men, and boys and girls make good pay. Any one, anywhere, can do the work. All succeed who follow our plain and simple directions. Earnest work will surely bring you a great deal of money. Everything is new and in great demand. Write for our pamphlet circular, and receive full information. No harm done if you conclude not to go on with the business.

GEORGE STINSON & CO.,
Box 488,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

FREE TRIALS convince the skeptic and point the way which if followed leads to VIGOROUS HEALTH for MEN

THE PASTILLE CURE FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY TRADE MARK

Prof. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED Pastille

Has been put up in a proprietary form since 1873, and has been used for years prior to that time in private practice. It is no untried nostrum, of doubtful reputation, but a genuine specific for a very prevalent disease. Thousands of men, of all ages, have at some time in life brought on nervous debility and exhaustion, with organic weakness, by over brain work, excesses, too frequent indulgence or indiscretion and vicious habits, and it is to these that we offer a remedy that will, by its direct action upon the seat of the disease, stop the drain and restore the patient to vigorous health and strength.

Our method of introducing Prof. Harris' Pastille treatment is one which commends itself to all sensible persons—for the reason that we supply it upon their judgment of its value. We ask of our patrons nothing in the way of expense beyond a postal card and a two cent postage stamp. The postal card to be used in sending us their full address and the postage stamp for the letter returning the statement of their case for which we supply them with a question blank, to be filled out, and an envelope addressed to ourselves for use in returning it when filled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and enclose with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

We are so positive that it will give perfect satisfaction that we leave the matter of sending orders entirely with those using the free trial treatment. Having satisfied those sending for trial packages of our ability to benefit their condition we feel that they are more largely interested than ourselves in continuing the use of the Pastilles. Even then we do not attempt to rob them by demanding high prices. On the contrary, we make the prices as low as possible, and the same to all. They are as follows: $3 for one month; $5 for two months; $7 for three months.

Trade Mark. GRAPE 5 SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE

These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results.

We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

All communications confidential and should be addressed to

The HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists
99 Beekman St., NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.

ESTABD 1878. INCORP'D 1890. CAPITAL $125,000.

NERVE PILLS.

FREE TRIAL.

Cures Permanently all diseases of the Nervous System, either acute or chronic in either sex. It restores impaired or lost power. Checks all forms of waste or drain: makes strong the weak. Full package $1; six for $5, trial package 12c, with book, sent securely sealed on receipt of price. Address Dr. R. Dumont, 98 S. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill. 24-20-1y

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER.

STRICTLY For FAMILY Use.

Dropped on sugar suffering children love to take it. Every Mother should have it in the house, it quickly relieves and cures all aches and pains, asthma, bronchitis, colds, coughs, catarrh, cuts, chaps, chilblains, colic, cholera morbus, earache, headache, hooping cough, inflammation, la grippe, lameness, mumps, muscular soreness, neuralgia, nervous headache, rheumatism, bites, burns, bruises, strains, sprains, stings, swellings, stiff joints, sore throat, sore lungs, toothache, tonsilitis and wind colic.

Originated in 1810 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power.

It is safe, soothing, satisfying; so say sick, sensitive sufferers. Used Internal and External.

The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Ill'st'd Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price, 25 cts. Six bottles, 2.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

FOR SCHOOL BOARDS.

Opinion From the State Superintendent.

County Superintendent C. L. Gramley has received the following letter from the department of public instruction relative to the school terms, election of teachers, levying of taxes, etc.

DEAR SIR: The employment of teachers for the ensuing year is a matter that comes within the official jurisdiction of the directors after the orgianization of the several boards in June next. The boards as now constituted have nothing whatever to do officially with levying school taxes and employing teachers for the next annual term of school. All such matters come within the official jurisdiction of the new boards after their organization in June. The appointment of teachers in April or May for the next annual school term is not warranted by law, but on the contrary is clearly forbidden by the laws governing the operation of the school system, and is, therefore, not a legal act on the part of school boards. The law itself places a limitation upon the powers of directors and they cannot do consistently nor legally that which the law expressly prohibits in connection with the appointment and employment of teachers. The superintendent of public instruction will insist upon a compliance with the law and hopes to have the willing and hearty cooperation of school officials, teachers and patrons in his efforts to have continuous annual school terms in all the districts of the state, without change of teachers as far as practicable, except to fill vacancies when they occur. The date of opening the schools for the continuous annual term of six, seven, eight or nine months, or ten months, as the case may be, can be determined by the directors themselves within the proper school year just as other incidental questions are determined by the directors in their respective districts. The boards, as now constituted, you will readily understand, have no authority, whatever, to levy taxes and employ teachers for next year. Their duties in such matters are limited to the current school year, and you will please instruct them accordingly. In reply to your inquiry of the 6th inst.

Very respectfully,
JOHN Q. STEWART,
Dep. Supt. Public Instruction.

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

On Tuesday evening there was a large gathering in the old academy building, at Pine Grove Mills, Pa., to discuss the project of extending the Bellefonte Central Railroad from Struble station, a point near State College, to Pine Grove Mills, a distance of 3½ miles. Among those present were Gen. James A. Beaver, D. F. Fortney, Esq., Supt. Thomas and others. The proposition made by the company is, that if the right of way is furnished by the citizens of the community, the company will build the road. D. F. Fortney made the opening address, Gen. Beaver then spoke at some length and was followed by Supt. Thomas, T. H. Harter and others.

When an opportunity was offered for subscriptions Ex-treasurer John Mitchell started the ball rolling by putting down his name for $100. A number of $50 subscribers did likewise and at the close of the meeting the total reached $410. This will be increased considerably and it is almost a settled thing that the extension will be built.

DEATH OF MRS. HERR.

Miss Mable Woodring, daughter of the ex-sheriff, Wednesday night received a postal card from a friend in Indianapolis containing the sad intelligence of the sudden death in that place of Mrs. Herr, wife of Mr. Emory E. Herr, insurance agent, and who for several years resided in this place. The information received is very meagre, simply the announcement of her death and that the friends with the remains left Indianapolis Wednesday morning for Sunbury where the interment will be made, Mrs. Herr's mother being a resident of that place. The deceased leaves a loving husband and two children to mourn their loss.

THE VERNAL EQUINOX.

Passengers exactly on the earth's equator on the 22d of March would see the sun rise directly in the east, and set in the west, while the sun if viewed from either pole would be seen the whole twenty-four hours—moving around the horizon—the southern horizon as seen from the north pole and the northern horizon as seen from the south pole. This means that the plane of the earth's equator is cutting the centre of the sun at this time, which is nothing more or less than the vernal equinox.—*Word and Works.*

—According to latest chronological events, there is one editor in Heaven. How he got there is not positively known, but it is conjectured that he passed himself off for a minister and stepped in unsuspected. When the dodge was discovered, they searched the realms of felicity in all their length and breadth for a lawyer to draw up the papers for his ejectment, but they failed to find one, and of course the editor is still holding the fort.

A HEAVY LOSS.

In the burning of Robert Mitchell's barn at Mitchell's Mills, Indiana county, last week, 6 horses, 2 two-year-old colts, 3 cows, 4 yearlings, 8 hogs, 50 chickens, 100 bushels of rye, 80 bushels of oats, 50 bushels of oats, 50 bushels of corn and a large quantity of hay and straw were consumed. The loss reaches fully $20,000, with no insurance. It is thought the fire was started by a spark from the kitchen stove.

WANT THE NATURAL STUFF.

Last week the "Salt Lick Gas and Oil Company" was organized at Snow Shoe by the election of the following officers: President, Hon. J. H. Holt; Vice President, Samuel Christ; Sec. and Treas., M. Fredericks. Directors: Judge J. W. Smith, Samuel Christ, M. K. Kulp, J. H. Holt, T. B. Buddinger, Hon. W. W. Betts, Hon. W. E. Ritter, C. M. Bower and Ira C. McCloskey.

The object is to sink several wells at a point in Clearfield county, near the Buttermilk Falls, not far from Karthaus in the hope of striking either natural gas or petroleum, and probably both.

It was decided to issue 800 shares of stock at $5 per share, amounting to $4000. That amount is to be expended in sinking at least three wells over 2500 feet in depth.

The company are confident that they will strike something and are willing to sacrifice that amount to satisfy their curiosity. Should they strike a gas belt, by their location they would be in close touch with all the important river towns in Central Pennsylvania, such as, Altoona, Tyrone, Huntingdon, Philipsburg, Bellefonte, Clearfield, Lock Haven, Williamsport and other points to which the product could be conveyed by pipes for commercial purposes.

THE DEAR GIRLS.

Girls are of few days and full of mischief, and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise. When the fair young girl cheweth her gum with great haste and stampeth her pretty foot, do thou look out. She cometh forth in the evening in low neck and short sleeves; but in the morning she lieth in bed while her mother hustleth. When the sleighbells tinkleth she standeth at the window and yearneth for a beau, and when he cometh she doeth up his purse. He wrappeth the buffalo about her and huggeth her much and stayeth out beyond his time, and the liveryman addeth four good dollars to his bill. In the evening he hieth himself to her father's mansion. He goeth in and sitteth by the fire, and ere he leaveth he poppeth the question and she jumpeth at the chance. When the cock croweth he taketh his departure, and compareth himself to an ass, yea, verily. He getteth his license and goeth forth in the morning of his wedding day, and employeth a Godly man to do the job, and when the sun setteth he findeth himself a married man. Selah!

THE THREE CENT RACKET.

The latest dodge is the three cent racket. Fakirs are working it in the west, so look out for them. He comes for change for a small coin 25 or 50 cents, and you give him one or more dimes in return. He goes out but is back inside of two minutes and claims that you gave him a three cent piece instead of a dime. The difference is so small that rather than to argue with him you give him the difference and he clears seven cents in the transaction.

CAN THIS BE TRUE?

Philipsburg, the live town at the other end of the county wants a Roard of Trade, and wants it bad too. Bellefonte wanted one too some months ago, and got it, along with a tremendous lot of enthusiasm, but the latter breed of cats seem to have petered out, and is now seldom heard of. We look for better things from Philipsburg.—*Centre Reporter.*

THE PENITENTIARY.

Huntingdon, Pa., March 21.—James M. Craig, of Union Furnace, who was convicted at the February session of court of embezzlement and larceny as bailee, was sentenced at the present session of argument court to two years in the western penitentiary. Among his prosecutors was his brother Rev. John Craig, of Centre county. Ten days will be given him to appeal his case to the supreme court.

—A young farmer who lives near Bellefonte has hit upon a happy thought to reduce the amount of labor required to till his fields. Instead of laying out his fields square or nearly so he has laid them out narrow and they extend the entire length of his farm. By this means he avoids turning corners so many times, which is a loss of time. He can reap ten acres of grain by going up and down the field six times. People interested in agriculture might try this with profit.

LINGLE—BOAL.

To-day at noon, Mr. Lycurgus R. Lingle, of Milesburg, was united in matrimony with Miss Jennie B. Boal, at the residence of the bride's parents at Centre Hall. Rev. J. W. Boal, of the Presbyterian church, and a relative of the bride performed the ceremony. A large number of guests, mostly relatives, were present.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and untill the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by Cheney & Co Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

UNITED MINE WORKERS.

President McBride's Call For the Fifth Annual Convention.

PITTSBURG, March 23.—President John McBride, of the United Mine Workers of America, has issued a circular call for the fifth annual convention of the organization to be held at Columbus, Ohio, commencing April 10. The convention will be the most important yet held, for a "National movement", will be considered. This means the total suspension of work by miners throughout America from Colorado to Eastern Pennsylvania. If adopted, and a date set, the greatest strike in the history of the miners of America will be inaugurated. There are in America fully 100,000 miners, who are attached to the United Mine Workers organization.

Preparations for this national movement have been in progress several months. Meetings are being held nightly, conventions called and no means left undone to arouse enthusiasm among the coal diggers for the national movement. The same applies to the Ohio, Tennessee, West Virginia, Indiana, Iljinois and Missouri coal fields.

In explanation the call sets forth that sectional or local strikes have been unequal to the mark of protecting or advancing wages; that miners striking locally cannot hope to win, without the co-operation of those at work, and this is not secured; that success altogether depends upon action of the mine workers.

President McBride, in his official call for a convention, sends a programme for independent labor politics to be discussed and acted upon at the meeting. The proposed political action is based upon the course pursued by the trades union of Great Britain. The programme contains compulsory education; a legal eight hour work day; sanitary inspection; abolition of the contract system on public work; municipal ownership of street cars and gas and electric light plants; nationalization of telegraphs, telephones, railroads and mines. If indorsed the United Mine Workers will bring the propositions before next convention of the American Federation of Labor.

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Billous Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Do you suffer with that tired and allgone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS, it will cure you.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities burst ing through the skin in Pimples, Blotches and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS and health will follow.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work shops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS it never fails to cure.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

PICTURE FREE

A superb mammoth tintograph in 12 colors by the distinguished artist, Maud Humphrey. It is 2 feet long and 14 inches wide and will be sent free if you tell your friends. It is called "OUT VISITING," and shows a beautiful, dimpled darling clad in a warm, rich, fur-lined cloak, basket and umbrella in hand; she pulls the snow covered latch, while her golden hair shimmers in the sunshine, her cheeks blush with health and vigor and her roguish eyes sparkle merrily. Sure to delight you. A copy will be sent free, postpaid, if you promise to tell your friends and send 14 cents in stamps or silver for a three months' trial subscription to

THE WHOLE FAMILY,

an illustrated monthly magazine with stories, anecdotes, fashions and all articles of interest by best authors and cash question contests monthly. RUSSELL PUB. CO., 196 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER!

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

WANTED 3000,000 Positions!

For the Unemployed. The chance of a Life-time for MALE and FEMALE to secure paying and permanent positions. All information FREE. For further particulars address W S BURKHART, 224 Main St CINCINATI O

PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

PIANO Tuning and Repairing.

J. J. LEGEAL,

Of Erie, Pa., will be here fore part of October. Orders left at Bush House will receive prompt attention. 24-35-tf

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

DR. THEEL 1317 Arch St. PHILADELPHIA.

NERVOUS DEBILITY Kidney and Bladder diseases cured. 32 years' practical and 6 years' European hospital experience. LOST MANHOOD RESTORED. SPECIAL DISEASES Fresh cases in 3 to 10 days. Dangerous cases STRICTURES Removed in 30 days. Send five 2-cent stamps for book "Truth" the only book exposing quacks, no matter what others advertise to avoid detection, and the only book advertised describing truthfully obscure diseases of both sexes without exaggeration. 'Truth' should be read by those contemplating marriage. TESTIMONIALS the greatest of all cures published in Saturday's Philadelphia Times and Wednesday's Inquirer. Read without fail. Errors of Youth BLOOD POISON Cured in 30 to 90 days. Hours: 9-3; Eve's 6-8; Wed. and Sat. 6-10; Sun. 9-12. Write or call.

THE CHRISTY BREAD SLICER

MEN OR WOMEN make $10.00 a day selling the "Wonderful Christy Bread Slicer." Write quick for territory. CHRISTY KNIFE CO., Fremont, Ohio.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

it Never fails to Cure—MANNERS DOUBLE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS, The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

and Obscure Diseases speedily and permanently cured by the celebrated specialist.

DR. LOBB, 329 N. 15th St. Philada., Pa.

No deception, no false representation. I will cure you positively and make you vigorous and strong. Treatment by mail a specialty and strictly confidential. Send 4c. in stamps for book on HOME CURE TREATMENT

Pennsylvania Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 20, 1893.

STATIONS	Dis	WESTWARD A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 25	9 37	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 30	9 41	4 19
Mill Hall	3.0	4 41	9 43	4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	4 52	9 54	4 32
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 56	9 57	4 35
Howard	14.5	5 04	10 06	4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 10	10 12	4 50
Curtin	19.9	5 14	10 16	4 54
Milesburg	23.5	5 22	10 24	5 02
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 32	10 34	5 12
Milesburg	23.5	5 42	10 44	5 27
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 46	10 47	5 30
Unionville	28.5	5 52	10 54	5 37
Julian	32.9	6 01	11 06	5 46
Martha	37.0	6 09	11 11	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	6 17	11 19	6 02
Hannah—f	43.7	6 25	11 27	6 10
Fowler—f	45.0	6 27	11 29	6 12
Dix—f	46.5	6 30	11 32	6 15
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 36	11 38	6 21
Vail	51.2	6 40	11 42	6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	6 44	11 46	6 28
TYRONE	54.3	6 50	11 52	6 35

STATIONS	Dis	EASTWARD P.M	P.M	P.M
TYRONE		8 10	2 10	7 2
East Tyrone	1.3	8 16	2 16	7 [illegible]
Vail	3.1	8 20	2 20	7 [illegible]
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 24	2 24	7 [illegible]
Dix—f	8.0	8 30	2 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.3	8 33	2 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 35	2 35	7 50
Port Matilda	13.9	8 42	2 42	7 57
Martha	17.3	8 49	2 49	8 04
Julian	21.4	8 59	2 58	8 13
Unionville	25.8	9 08	4 07	8 22
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 17	4 15	8 30
Milesburg	30.8	9 21	4 18	8 33
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 33	4 28	8 43
Milesburg	30.8	9 46	4 38	8 53
Curtin	34.4	9 55	4 46	9 01
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 00	4 50	9 05
Howard	39.8	10 06	4 56	9 11
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	5 05	9 20
Beech Creek	45.9	10 18	5 08	9 23
Mill Hall	51.3	10 29	5 19	9 34
Flemington	52.5	10 31	5 21	9 36
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 35	5 25	9 40

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Nov. 20th, 1893.

Westward Dis.	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	P.M
P.M A.M				
4 50 10 00	.....SCOTIA	25.2	9 20	4 00
5 07 10 19 5.3	.....Fairbrook	20.3	9 03	4 23
5 19 10 33 8.7	...Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 51	4 11
5 25 10 49 10.6	.....Hostler f	15.0	8 45	4 05
5 31 10 46 12.3	...Marengo f	13.0	8 39	3 59
5 35 10 51 13.5	.....Loreville f	11.1	8 35	3 55
5 41 10 58 15.2	Furnace Road f	10.4	8 29	3 49
5 44 11 01 18.8	...Dungarvin f	9.8	8 26	3 46
5 52 11 10 18.2	...Warriors Mark	7.4	8 18	3 38
6 01 11 20 20.5	...Pennington	5.1	8 09	3 29
6 12 11 32 23.5	.....Stover	2.1	7 58	3 18
6 20 11 40 25.6	.....TYRONE		7 50	3 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY R R-Time Table in effect Nov 20, 1893

Dis. Westward				Dis.	Eastward		
.0	5.45	1.58	....MONTANDON		9.10	4.15
1.5	6.15	2.08	Ar...LEWISBURG...Lv		9.00	4.07
1.5	6.15	2.08	Lv...LEWISBURG...Ar		9.00	4.07
5.4	6.23	2.17	.....Bichl f		8.51	4.29
6.8	6.28	2.22	.....Vicksburg f		8.47	4.25
10.7	6.37	2.31	...MIFFLINBURG		8.38	4.27
13.1	6.42	2.36	.....Barber f		8.33	4.22
15.2	6.47	2.44	.....Swengle f		8.27	4.17
16.1	6.50	2.43	.....Millmont		8.25	4.15
18.9	6.58	2.51	.....GLEN IRON		8.17	4.07
23.5	7.07	3.00	.....Paradise f		8.08	3.59
25.9	7.18	3.11	.....Cherry Run f		7.57	3.48
32.3	7.27	3.20	...Paddy Mt. Tunnel		7.48	3.40
35.9	7.31	3.23	.....Ingleby f		7.45	3.37
36.6	7.38	3.30	.....Coburn		7.38	3.30
39.6	7.45	3.37	.....Zerby f		7.30	3.23
43.4	7.53	3.47	....Rising Springs		7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	3.53	.....Penn'sCave f		7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.01	....CENTRE HALL		7.08	3.01
51.5	8.16	4.07	.....Gregg f		7.00	2.54
54.5	8.23	4.13	....Linden Hall		6.52	2.47
56.7	8.21	4.18	....OAK HALL		6.47	2.42
58.3	8.32	4.22	....LEMONT		6.43	2.37
60.2	8.37	4.27	....Dale Summit f		6.38	2.32
63.9	8.47	4.37	....Pleasant Gap f		6.28	2.23
65.2	8.51	4.40	.....Axemann f		6.25	2.20
67.4	8.55	4.45	....BELLEFONTE		6.21	2.1

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 119 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, Ass't Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 19th, 1893.

	WESTWARD.			
ERIE MAIL leaves Phila daily		11 20	p m	
" " Harrisburg	"	3 30	a m	
" " William'port	"	7 10	a m	
" " Jersey Shore	"	7 51	a m	
" " Lock Haven	"	7 55	a m	
" " Renovo	"	8 58	a m	
" arrives Erie	"	3 40	p m	
NIAGRA EX. l'ves Phila week d'ys		8 50	a m	
" Harrisburg		12 40	p m	
" arrives at Wmsport	"	3 00	p m	
" " Lock Haven	"	4 10	p m	
" " Renovo	"	5 15	p m	
" " Kane	"	9 20	p m	
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 45	p m	
FAST LINE leaves Phila. week days.		2 25	p m	
" " Harrisburg	"	5 55	p m	
" " Williamsport	"	7 10	p m	
" arrives at Lock Haven	"	8 07	p m	
" " Renovo	"	9 00	p m	
NEWS EX. l'ves Philadelphia daily		4 30	a m	
" " Harrisburg	"	8 15	a m	
" " Williamsport	"	11 20	a m	
" arrives at Lock Haven	"	12 15	p m	
Wms'port Ex. l'vs Phila. week days		4 40	p m	
" " Harrisburg	"	7 55	p m	
" " arrive Williamsport		10 40	p m	
Rochester Exp. leaves Phila. w'k d's		8 50	p m	
" " Harrisb'g	"	12 01	a m	
" " arrives Williamsp't	"	2 55	a m	
Williamsp't " leaves Phila. Sun. only		4 30	p m	
" " Harrisb'g	"	7 55	p m	
" " arrives Williamsp't		10 40	p m	
	EASTWARD.			
Sea Shore Express l'vs L. Haven w		7 15	a m	
" " Jersey Shore.	"	7 41	a m	
" " Wms'port	"	8 15	a m	
" arrives at Harrisburg	"	11 30	a m	
" " Phila	"	3 00	a m	
DAY EX. leaves Kane week days		6 30	a m	
" Renovo	"	10 20	a m	
" Lock Haven	"	11 20	a m	
" Williamsport	"	12 30	p m	
" arrives at Harrisburg	"	3 30	p m	
" " Philadelphia	"	6 50	p m	
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie daily		3 25	p m	
" " Renovo	"	10 35	p m	
" " Lock Haven	"	11 25	p m	
" " Williamsport	"	12 25	a m	
" arrives at Harrisburg	"	3 22	a m	
" " Philadelphia	"	6 50	a m	
EXP. NO. 6 leaves Erie		7 25	a m	
" " Kane	"	11 10	a m	
" " leaves Renovo	"	4 45	p m	
" " arrives at Harrisburg	"	10 00	p m	
" " Philadelphia	"	4 30	a m	
WMS'PORT EXP. lv's Wms'port		3 25	a m	
" " arrives at Harrisburg	"	6 10	a m	
" " arrives at Philadelphia	"	10 20	a m	
Philada. Accom. leaves Williamsp't		4 00	p m	
" " Harrisburg	"	7 30	p m	
" " arrives Philada at		10 15	p m	

Erie Mail West, Niagra Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with B. P. & W. N. N; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with B. V. R. R.

ANTI-STIFF

IS A MARVELLOUS PREPARATION FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK, SORE THROAT, BRUISES, AND SPRAINS.

Rub well into the affected part, and you will soon be convinced of its efficacy.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE, E. FOUGERA & CO., NEW YORK.

Small box, 20 cents; Medium, 35 cents; Large, $1.00.

24-38-21mos

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE.

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Brights Disease and Dropsy—MRS. I. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE CO., 720 Venango St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by all Reliable Druggists. 24,14,20t,eow

Bellefonte Republican,

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Have you seen the menagerie of monkeys in the Racket Store window? They are a curiosities, and no mistake, and are attracting large crowds with their cute antics.

—There will be a "Mother's Meeting" at the rooms of the W. C. T. U. tomorrow afternoon to which all ladies interested in temperance work, and especially mothers, are invited.

—The residents of the northern part of Boggs township want a postoffice and have made the usual formal application for one, sending in the name "Nadine" as the title for same.

—We are sorry to learn that the Houtzdale Advance has suspended publication in consequence of the hard times and consequent lack of support. It was a good paper and deserved a better fate.

—All the money has been subscribed and the company organized for the building of the electric railway from Mill Hall to Lock Haven, and it looks now as if the project would materialize into a reality.

—E. R. Chambers, Esq., has started an innovation on East Linn street by removing his front yard fence, throwing his yard open to the street. It presents quite a nice appearance and is a good model for others to follow.

—Mrs. Butts and family will finish moving to day from their late residence on corner of Lamb and Allegheny streets to the Dr. Dartt house, recently occupied by Harry Schreyer, that gentleman having taken rooms with Miss Magill for himself and wife.

—On Monday Mr. Jerome Smith started up Bald Eagle valley on the search for his wife, who disappeared from her home about a week ago. His search proved successful, he finding her at the home of a friend near Unionville, and returning with her to Bellefonte on the 4.30 p. m. train as happy as happy could be.

—Mr. Alexander G. Ewing, a merchant at Pennsylvania Furnace, aged about 67 years, died at his home in that place on Friday. Mr. Ewing comes of one of the oldest families in that part of Centre county and was well and most favorably known. He leaves a wife and one son at home to mourn his sudden demise.

—We acknowledge receipt of an invitation from the Hand-in-Hand Hose Company, No. 4, of Lock Haven, to attend their seventh annual ball on Thursday evening, March 29. The committee having the affair in charge consists of John R. Gast, H. L. Oberheim, William E. Frank, C. E. Herr and W. S. Zellers.

—The first three weeks of March go to show that it is entitled to be called the first spring month, as it was in the olden time. If only Jack Frost does not nip in the bud the venturesome sprigs and bloesoms, the early opening of the season will prove a blessing. With so much want during the past winter, an early spring will be very acceptable.

—On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. F. S. Dunham received a letter containing the sad intelligence of the death of her aunt, Mrs. Jane Rorabaugh, wife of Mr. Ellis Rorabaugh, the foundryman, at Jersey Shore, Pa. Her death was very sudden and unexpected. Deceased was well known throughout Centre county. She is survived by a husband, three sons and two daughters. The funeral occured Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

—Easter was an ideal day in every way but one—it was too cold. Too cold for real enjoyment and far too cold to wear the easter hats and bonnets and new spring dresses. Notwithstanding this fact, however, there was quite a display of styles and dresses to be seen at church and on the streets. All in all, the day might be said to have been a success in every particular as an Easter Sunday, and it is probable that as many eggs were eaten as usual, as that kind of fruit was rather plenty.

—On Tuesday afternoon George Schilling, who works in Crider's lumber yard, while at work on a pile of lumber tripped and fell a distance of fourteen feet to the ground receiving serious, though it is hoped, not dangerous injuries. He is badly bruised and shaken up, but no bones are broken. At this writing, however, it is impossible to tell whether he is injured internally or not. Mr. Schilling seems to be rather unfortunate in meeting with accidents as it has not been very long since he was badly hurt by a mule.

—The "Pirates of Penzance" and the general's fair daughters will soon be ready to "appear in public on the stage." They will rehearse every evening this week. The cast has not yet been fully completed, but we understand that Miss Mary Meek, daughter of Senator Meek, of Bellefonte, will take the leading soprano part, and Miss Grace McLaughlin the contralto. Charles Denning will be the Frederick; Charles T. Noll the police sergeant, and Lee Woodcock, of Bellefonte, the very model of a modern major general. The chorus will comprise some twenty lovely young ladies and the same number of bold, bad men.—Clearfield Raftsman's Journal.

TO OBSERVE ARBOR DAY.

A Public Meeting To Be Held in the Court House Thursday Evening.

A special meeting of the borough council was held Monday evening to take preliminary action regarding a proper observance of Arbor day on Friday, April 13th. It was decided to hold a public meeting in the court house on Thursday evening, March 29th, for the purpose of interesting the citizens of the town in this movement which it must be admitted, is a good one in every way. Everybody in Bellefonte is invited to be present at this meeting and a special invitation is extended to the ladies to turn out.

Addresses will be made by Gen. James A. Beaver, Gen. D. H. Hastings, Hon. A. O. Furst, John G. Love, Esq. and D. F. Fortney Esq. This move on the part of our citizens is a move in the right direction and it is to be hoped will meet with the heartiest co-operation of all.

This state has an observance recognized by law which might profitably be more fully recognized in practice. The planting of trees has been recognized in Europe as a private and public benefit for generations; but the practice in the United States has fallen short of the theory. Even along the streets of cities and towns and along the country highways, where foliage would add infinitely to the general pleasures, that important work has been almost universally neglected. If some means could be found to secure a general observance of Arbor Day to the extent of securing shady avenues it would be a great gain over the present practice of observing a day by a paper proclamation and in no other way.

Beyond that is the fact, which a true recognition of Arbor Day would impress on the public mind, that Pennsylvania is yearly wasting an immense amount of her natural resources by the emptiness of vast tracts of waste and useless territory, which might confer a benefit on their surroundings and yield an eventual revenue if devoted to intelligent and scientific forestry. We leave our hills bare, permit our streams to alternate from destructive torrents to dry and rocky beds, and waste our timber supplies all for the lack of intelligent provision for the future. If Arbor Day could be so used as to arouse public opinion to the importance of reforming this short-sighted and stupid waste of natural resources it would be a day well worth observing.

Therefore, let there be a full attendance at the meeting in the court house Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

RICH, BUT ECCENTRIC.

Mrs. Hettie Green, the rich but eccentric woman of New York city, passed through Lock Haven on Friday on day express on her way from Kane to Philadelphia. She is said to be the richest woman in the world. She was not in the Pullman car, but comfortably curled up on a seat in the ladies car taking a nap. She looks to be a woman of sixty-five, with strong features and gray hair. An elegant fur coat occupied half the seat and on its rich folds her head rested in peaceful slumber. She is said to be worth $70,000,000, but it is impossible to get the exact amount, as her time is taken up in dodging the income tax collectors of New York. She has been a great speculator of stocks in her time and has always made money. One of the express companies wanted four hundred dollars to carry a package of bonds from New York to Philadelphia for her some time ago, so she put them in a satchel and took them over herself, at a cost of four dollars car fare. Her business in Kane was to look after some oil lands she purchased some years ago.

MOSHANNON ITEMS.

Mr. Cartwright, of Curtins, visited friends in this place recently. Always glad to see him.

Andrew Lucas, of Altoona, visited friends in Moshannon the other day, and all his friends were surprised to see him.

There was a surprise birthday party held at the residence of Philip Walker on last Tuesday night. There was a large number present and a general good time was had.

Ozro Hanscom late of this place, but now farming for M. F. Hanscom on Wallace Run, came home on Saturday to spend Sabbath with friends.

Mr. Abe Hanscom, of Wallace Run, was in Moshannon last week. Some of the girls of this place will be glad to get Abe back again.

Garden maxing time is here. Some say that Thomas Fye has his garden all made.

Mrs. Mary Walker, of Clarence, visited friends in this place last week.

Mrs. Caroline and Miss Susan Mayes, of Clarence, visited at the home of Mr. Philip Walker on Saturday.

Messrs. John and Robert Mayes were visitors in Moshannon on Sunday.

**

A PLEASANT EVENT.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Cowher, of Ninth street, expect to leave Philipsburg next week for Half Moon valley, where Mr. C. has leased a farm and will become a fullfledged tiller of the soil. Some of their friends, who knew of their removal, conceived the idea of giving them a pleasant surprise before their departure, and accordingly about thirty persons, carrying well-filled baskets of refreshments, rushed in upon them Thursday night without any previous warning. The visitors, of course were cordially received and soon made to feel at home. An exceedingly pleasant evening was spent in social conversation, good singing, etc., and regretted when the hour for breaking up the party arrived. Mr. and Mr. Cowher are good citizens, and have made many warm friends during their stay in our city, and their removal is deeply regretted. They will take with them the best wishes of a large circle of friends and acquaintances.—*Journal.*

EASTER SUNDAY.

All the churches in Bellefonte observed Easter Sunday with specially prepared services. It is probable that the custom was more universally observed this year than ever before, so far as all the churches are concerned. The floral decorations, also, exceeded those of other years, both in quality and quantity, and the attendance at every house of worship denoted the interest that the christian people of our land are now taking in the proper observance of such church days, as well as in all kinds of church work. Easter day should be, and is, one of the brightest days in church history. It is a day on which all should feel glad and joyful, and we feel safe in saying that with each year the christian people throughout every land more fully recognize and celebrate the custom and day.

And now Lent is over! The significance of this fact was never felt more forcibly than it is this year, when the depression in business before the setting in of the penitential season needed nothing extraneous to make it worse, and when people feel that they have been merely existing, in the hope of brighter days. One of the brighter days has come. Lent is over, and there is nothing to prevent humanity making the most of the spring weather, and enjoying itself to the top of its bent, merely by being alive. It is a question whether the 40 days just past have been generally spent as the law of the church demands, but it does not appear that people are any worse now than they were before Lent, so we may take it for granted that the season has done good, for the times have been such as to bring out all the "Old Harry" in the human family wherever he has found an abiding place. But the victims of the cloud of adversity have borne their cross mildly, and it is to be hoped that the period of fasting and prayer that has just come to an end has not been without its salutary effect in inculcating the virtue of patience, at all events.

However, Easter is past now, and the fight with the world must be resumed, with all the vigor that is born of the joyous season. It does not appear, that the hard times have affected everybody, for it is practically certain that there will be as many new bonnets as on any other Easter. The going to church in a new bonnet, and as many other new things as can be procured, is a Christian woman's prerogative, and the husband and father would be a curmudgeon, indeed, who would not be willing to forego some personal luxury, or even comfort, to allow his wife and daughters to shine with the rest of their sex on Easter Sunday. It needed not 40 days of Lent to impress this duty on the average American citizen. He would do it anyhow, in his pride and love for the women of his household, and all honor to him for it!

CLEANING THE STEETS.

For the past several days Street Commissioner Thomas Shaughensey with a good force of men have been hard at work cleaning up the streets of Bellefonte and now they are beginning to present a fair appearance. But there is still one place which needs looking after. That is the southwest corner of the diamond next to the Brockerhoff House. During the winter considerable filth has accumulated there and the Street Commissioner, under the supposition that it was private property, did not clean it up. In warm weather this is a very disagreeable place and the Board of Health, Street or Nuisance Committee, should make it a point to see that this spot is cleaned up and put in a proper sanitary condition.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT HIS BROTHER.

On Saturday morning two young sons of Constable H. H. Gundrum, of Milton, were playing with their father's loaded revolver which the younger, who was only four years of age, had found. After a while they got to quarreling for the possession of the dangerous weapon when the trigger caught in the elder boy's clothing, and the revolver was discharged, the bullet entering his brother's forehead, penetrated into the brain. A physician was quickly summoned, but his services were of no avail, and the little fellow soon expired. The lad's brother is nearly crazed and the parents almost prostrated over the affair.

A STATE COLLEGE FLARE UP.

Last Thursday evening a member of the Freshman class of State College received notice of suspension for a year. He had torn a leaf from a magazine. The students held a mass meeting and passed resolutions asking that the case be reconsidered.

At the beginning of the college year several professors from New England were added to the faculty and they oppose reconsideration. As a result the students raised a red flag with "Boston Baked Beans" painted on it. It is thought the faculty will on Tuesday reconsider its action.

WHO WILL GET IT?

The Bellefonte Postoffice Imbroglio Now at Fever Heat.

While lightning has struck almost every other town in the state in the matter of Presidential postoffice appointments, it has not as yet reached Bellefonte, although just at present there is a sort of a feeling of brimstone in the air. It is now an acknowledged fact, that the appointment will be made, probably to-day or to-morrow, at least some time this week. And just now the possibility as to who the successful man will be is more of a mystery than ever.

D. F. Fortney, Esq., has for some time been considered in the lead, inasmuch as he was recommended by Congressman Kribbs, but report saith that his claims were all side tracked on Saturday by the receipt of a telegram that the President would not appoint him, and to send in another name. It is also stated that a telegram was received in effect that Dr. Dobbins would be appointed to-day, but the Doctor declares he knows nothing of it. It seems now to have boiled down to Dobbins or a dark horse, with chances in favor of the dark horse, but just who that fortunate individual will be is now hard to tell. Of course, there are lots of willing ones, among whom might be mentioned W. C. Heinle as probably the most willing. However, it is yet a question of doubt all around with some chances still in favor of one or two others who have been candidates all along.

In addition to the postoffice affair there is now another squabble on hand for an appointment of Justice of the Peace to fill the office made vacant by the death of 'Squire Foster. Most prominent among the applicants for this appointment is John Keichline, Esq., but thus far he is not receiving the support from his own party that he thinks himself entitled to, and this is making John somewhat out of sorts. Of course there are a number of others after this same plum and it is impossible to even conjecture who may get it.

—Sunday was a full and busy day in the Lutheran church. The first thing in the morning was Sunday school, which was followed by communion services at 10.30 o'clock, at which time eleven new members were received into the church by confirmation, certificate and baptism, which was a solemn and interesting service, after which the holy communion was administered, the largest roll of members in the history of the church partaking of the sacrament. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock a "young people's society" was organized which will meet regularly hereafter at 6.30 o'clock every Sabbath evening. In the evening the Sunday school held its regular Easter service consisting of appropriate recitations and music. Large audiences were present at all these meetings. The pulpit and altar were beautifully decorated with potted plants and flowers, and the music and services were in perfect harmony with the sacred joyousness of the occasion.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by the register of Centre county during the past week:

D. F. Houser and Sadie G. Wagner, of Benner township.

William E. Beard, of Sparrows Point, Md., and Mattie I. Lucas, of Millheim.

George T. Robinson, of Powelton, and Ida Dixon, of same place.

Andrew Beezer, of Benner township, and Josephine Lucas, of Bellefonte.

Scott A. Walizer and Ida M. Crouse, of Rebersburg.

Edward A. Spitler and Minnie F. Weaver, of Snyder township, Blair county.

David W. Hummer, of Manheim, Lancaster county, and Roxie C. Myer, of Julian, Centre Co.

NOT DROWNED.

A rumor was current on the streets Sunday in effect that the body of Mrs. Jerome Smith had been found in the creek near Hublersburg, and it was supposed she had purposely drowned herself. An investigation, however, proved the rumor utterly without foundation. Mr. Smith said this morning that he had heard that his wife spent the first night after leaving home at the toll gate between this place and Milesburg, and that there she said she was going to walk to Altoona. Mr. Smith will start today for that city to try and locate her.

PLENTY OF DEAR.

How's this for a hunting story. Saturday's Lock Haven *Democrat* says:

Ex-Sheriff Baker this morning received a letter from R. S. Grier whose father was formerly a hotel keeper in this city, but who is now located in Denver, Col. Mr. Grier in the letter relates that on a recent hunting expedition in the mountains about 300 miles from Denver he killed forty-seven deer, while his brother shot thirty deer and two elks.

BEEZER—LUCAS.

On Tuesday evening at the home of the Priest, by Rev. Father McArdle, Mr. Andrew Beezer and Miss Josephine Lucas, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony according to the ceremony of the Catholic church. Miss Lizzie Brown, of Logan street, was bridesmaid and Mr. Ferd Beezer groomsman. We extend our heartiest congratulations.

—Don't forget the public meeting in the Court house Thursday evening to take initiatory steps towards the proper observance of Arbor day. Remember, there will be a number of good speeches made and some very important plans unfolded. So don't fail to attend.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PERSONAL PENCLINGS.

Supt. J. W. Gephart transacted business in Lock Haven on Thursday.

Mr. Samuel D. Eves, of Stormstown, was a caller at this office to-day.

Miss Emma Murray, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with her sister in this place.

Mr. Joseph Funk, of Philipsburg, is at present visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. F. W. Crider has gone to Philadelphia for a ten days' visit with friends.

Miss Lucy Chamberlain, of Tyrone, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tipton.

Miss Ida Showers, of this place, is visiting her friend Miss Edith Michaels, in Lock Haven.

Mr. Will Flack, the barber, now located in Tyrone, spent Sunday with friends in Bellefonte.

Mr. Wesley Herr, of Salona, Clinton county, was a pleasant caller at this office this morning.

Golden Eagle State Grand Chief Fred. A. Harris, of Tyrone, spent Tuesday night in Bellefonte.

Miss Lizzie Flack, who has been visiting friends in Bellefonte, returned to her home in Snow Shoe, this morning.

Mrs. Annie Baney, of Snow Shoe, who has been visiting her mother Mrs. Mary Hull of Valentine street for the past two weeks returned to her home this morning.

Hon. P. Gray Meek, of Bellefonte, the new surveyor of the port of Philadelphia assumed charge of the office on Tuesday, relieving John J. Ridgeway, who for more than four years has filled the position.

Mr. J. Milton Furey, formerly of this place, but now of Lock Haven, greeted friends in Bellefonte on Friday. Mr. Furey denied the report that he intends to become the editor of the *Valley Chief*, soon to be issued at Mill Hall.

We are pained to record the serious illness of the venerable Ex-Governor Andrew G. Curtin, who, for some time past, has been confined to his room. He is a little better to-day, however, and there are hopes of his recovery to comparatively good health.

Ellis L. Orvis and W. C. Heinle, Esqs., are now in Washington pushing the claims of D. F. Fortney, Esq., for the appointment of postmaster at this place. Mr. John Noll is also there in his own interest. Under the circumstances it is yet hard to tell who will come out on top.

We were this morning favored with a call from Mr. J. E. Johnson, of Rote, Clinton county. Mr. Johnson is an author and publisher of music and an accomplished musician generally. He is also agent for the Wing & Son's famous pianos, of New York. He is a pleasant and entertaining gentleman and will always find our latchstring on the outside of the door.

Mr. Larry Wian and family have moved to Altoona where Mr. Wian has accepted a clerkship in the store of Cook, Salmond & Trout, large dry goods merchants. Mr. Wian is a capable and efficient clerk, having served a long apprenticeship in the store of Lyon & Co., this place, and we have not the least doubt but that he will Cook Salmond and Trout to the satisfaction of everybody in Altoona.

Mrs. Mary Nolan and her son James have about decided to take a house at Atlantic City for the summer. Mrs. Nolan will be well remembered by our many readers as the Hostess of the Mountain House at Snow Shoe, where she resided for twelve years or more, and it is a conceded fact that if she opens up a hostelry at Atlantic City she will receive the major part of all the patronage from Centre county.

Mr. Charles McComber, who died in Tyrone on Saturday, was proprietor of the Ward House in that place since 1876. He was a native of Michigan, being born in Fenton, Genessee county in 1845. He was only twenty-four years old when he first engaged in the hotel business and he has followed the same with great success ever since. Mr. McComber leaves to mourn his death a wife, one daughter four sister and four brothers. His funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock and will be conducted by the Masonic fraternity, of which he was an honored member.

—The officials of the Valentine Iron Company have a force of men hard at work getting things in shape for the resumption of their entire plant early in April—probably next week. They are getting in a supply of coke and wood for starting the fire, and they already have on hand a good stock of ore and limestone. The resumption of these works will be a boon to our laboring men roundabouts. Now, let the Bellefonte Furnace company follow suit.

CAN THIS BE JUSTICE?

A Constable Shoots at His Wife While Drunk and the Law Lets Him Go.

Quite a furore of excitement was caused on Saturday evening by the announcement that Joshua Folk, constable in the North ward had shot his wife. An investigation of the announcement disclosed the fact that so far as shooting her was concerned the report was not correct, but that he did shoot at her, while badly under the influence of liquor. The affair occurred about half past six o'clock and for a brief time one would have thought a genuine murder had been committed from the crowds running hither and thither, up Jail hill and down again. It appears that Folk got too much drink in him and while in that condition got into an altercation with his wife over probably some trivial matter. In his anger and stupid drunkenness he drew a revolver and fired. Of course, it is not positively known whether his intentions were deadly or not, but the act was a very grave breach of the peace Later Folk was arrested, but not put in jail and, it is alleged that afterwards he drove his family from home.

On Monday he was given a hearing before Justice of the Peace, John B. Linn. He admitted being drunk, having fired the shot, etc., but pleaded penitence, etc. The result was that he was placed under three hundred dollars bail to keep the peace and was discharged from further custody. The question now arises "Is this justice?" Are our officers of the law to allow a man, and especially a constable, to commit such a grave breach of the peace, against law and humanity, and then allow the act to go literally unpunished. It is just such cases as this that leads up to law breaking in various forms and ways. The district attorney should make it his business, as it is his duty, to at all times, push every case to the limit of the law, and by thus doing crime will disappear more rapidly and the commission of such acts be few and far between.

AMONG THE STUDENTS.

Monday afternoon's usual rhetorical exercises in the High School began with a song entitled, "The Foot Traveler." rendered by the school. This was followed with a complete program, namely:

Declamation, Harry Gentzel.
Essay, "Our Family Picnic," Anna Bartley.
Recitation, Myra Carson.
Declamation, Morton Smith.
Essay, "Heroes," Charles Case.
Recitation, Millie Wagner.
Essay, "Money," Joseph Runkle.
Essay, "Birds," Stella Brosius.
Essay, "Birds," Alice Ishler.
Essay, "The Family Cat," Lizzie Allen.
Essay, "Greek Philosophers," Daniel Keller.
Recitation, Bessie Bell.
Essay, "Bellefonte," Kate Benner.
Recitation, Freda Baum.
Recitation, Kate Lieb.
Essay, "Eagles," Eddie McGarvey.
Recitation, Della Goodfellow.
Recitation, Tessie Lyons.
Recitation, Nellie Anderson.
Recitation, Hattie Stott.
Special mention is due Miss Myra Carson and Morton Smith.

—The net proceeds realized at the concert held in the Presbyterian church a couple weeks ago were $66.60, a very fair sum, considering the expense entailed.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PRESIDENT JUDGE

In accordance with the customs and rules of the Republican party, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for President Judge of this Judicial District, subject to the action of the Republicans of the district at their nominating conventions.

JOHN G. LOVE.

Bellefonte Markets.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 55
Mixed wheat per bushel	55
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	50
Rye per bushel	55
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	45
Oats	30
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	5 00
do prime and extra prime	6.50
do choice	7.00
Flour, retail, per barrel	3.80
Flour, wholesale	3 20
Hay choice mixed, per ton	10 00
" prime timothy " "	11.00
" choice " " "	12.00

)o(

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Green apples, per bushel	50
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10 — 12
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	15
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	12½
Shoulders	12
Breakfast Bacon	14
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	12½
Lard, country, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	60
Dried Beef	25
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	12½
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½
Canned Corn, per can	10—15
Lemons, per dozen	30
Oranges, per dozen	30—40
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Fleur, per sack	95